

## **ApoA-V Polyclonal Antibody**

YT0269 Catalog No:

Human; Rat; Mouse; Reactivity:

**Applications:** WB;ELISA

Target: ApoA-V

Fields: >>PPAR signaling pathway

**Gene Name:** APOA5

**Protein Name:** Apolipoprotein A-V

**Human Gene Id:** 116519

**Human Swiss Prot** 

Q6Q788

No:

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

**Q8C7G5** 

No:

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from ApoA-V . at AA range: 30-110

**Specificity:** ApoA-V Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ApoA-V protein.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. Formulation:

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Concentration:** 1 mg/ml

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) **Storage Stability:** 

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Observed Band: 41kD

Cell Pathway: PPAR;

**Background:** The protein encoded by this gene is an apolipoprotein that plays an important

role in regulating the plasma triglyceride levels, a major risk factor for coronary artery disease. It is a component of high density lipoprotein and is highly similar to a rat protein that is upregulated in response to liver injury. Mutations in this gene have been associated with hypertriglyceridemia and hyperlipoproteinemia type 5. This gene is located proximal to the apolipoprotein gene cluster on chromosome 11q23. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have

been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009],

**Function:** caution:It is uncertain whether Met-1 or Met-4 is the initiator.,disease:Defects in

APOA5 are a cause of hyperlipoproteinemia type 5 [MIM:144650]. Hyperlipoproteinemia type 5 is characterized by increased amounts of chylomicrons and very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) and decreased low density lipoprotein (LDL) and high density lipoprotein (HDL) in the plasma after a fast. Numerous conditions cause this phenotype, including insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, contraceptive steroids, alcohol abuse, and glycogen storage disease type 1A (GSD1A) [MIM:232200].,disease:Defects in APOA5 are a cause of susceptibility to familial hypertriglyceridemia [MIM:145750]. It is a coronary heart disease risk factor. On a regular diet the patient demonstrates increased plasma

and phospholipids are usually within normal limits.

Subcellular Secreted . Early e network . In the pro

Secreted . Early endosome . Late endosome . Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network . In the presence of SORL1, internalized to early endosomes, sorted in a retrograde fashion to late endosomes, from which a portion is sent to lysosomes

VLDL. Plasma triglycerides are persistently increased, while plasma cholesterol

and degradation, another portion is sorted to the trans-Golgi network. .

Expression: Liver and plasma.

**Sort :** 2145

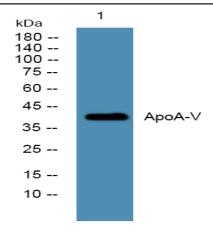
**No4:** 1

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

## **Products Images**

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Western blot analysis of lysates from A431 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night