

Flt3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT1730

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Flt3

Fields: >>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Pl3K-Akt signaling

pathway;>>Hematopoietic cell lineage;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Transcriptional misregulation in cancer;>>Acute myeloid leukemia;>>Central carbon metabolism

in cancer

P36888

Q00342

Gene Name: FLT3

Protein Name: Receptor-type tyrosine-protein kinase FLT3

Human Gene Id: 2322

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 14255

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

FLT3. AA range:565-614

Specificity: Flt3 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Flt3 protein.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 117kD

Cell Pathway: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;Hematopoietic cell lineage;Pathways in

cancer; Acute myeloid leukemia;

Background: This gene encodes a class III receptor tyrosine kinase that regulates

hematopoiesis. This receptor is activated by binding of the fms-related tyrosine kinase 3 ligand to the extracellular domain, which induces homodimer formation in the plasma membrane leading to autophosphorylation of the receptor. The activated receptor kinase subsequently phosphorylates and activates multiple cytoplasmic effector molecules in pathways involved in apoptosis, proliferation, and differentiation of hematopoietic cells in bone marrow. Mutations that result in the constitutive activation of this receptor result in acute myeloid leukemia and

acute lymphoblastic leukemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2015],

Function : catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine

phosphate.,function:Receptor for the FL cytokine. Has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. CSF-1/PDGF receptor subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like C2-type

(immunoglobulin-like) domain.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subunit:Interacts with FIZ1 following ligand activation.,tissue

specificity:Bone marrow cells.,

Subcellular Location : Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Constitutively activated mutant forms with internal tandem duplications are less efficiently transported to the cell surface and a significant proportion is retained in an immature form in the endoplasmic reticulum lumen. The activated kinase is

rapidly targeted for degradation.

Expression : Detected in bone marrow, in hematopoietic stem cells, in myeloid progenitor

cells and in granulocyte/macrophage progenitor cells (at protein level). Detected in bone marrow, liver, thymus, spleen and lymph node, and at low levels in kidney

and pancreas. Highly expressed in T-cell leukemia.

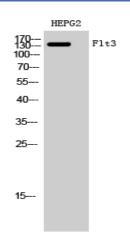
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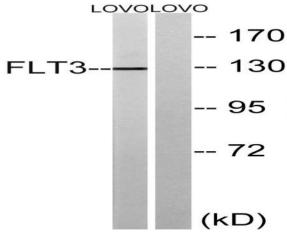
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

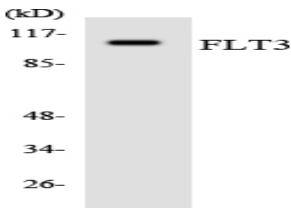
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of HEPG2 cells using Flt3 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Western blot analysis of lysates from LOVO cells, using FLT3 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



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Western blot analysis of the lysates from K562 cells using FLT3 antibody.