

## **Nibrin Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT3121

**Reactivity:** Human; Rat; Mouse;

**Applications:** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Nibrin

Fields: >>Homologous recombination;>>Cellular senescence

Gene Name: NBN

Protein Name: Nibrin

Human Gene Id: 4683

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Nibrin. AA range:251-300

O60934

Q9R207

**Specificity:** Nibrin Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Nibrin protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

**Storage Stability:** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

1/4



Observed Band: 95kD

**Cell Pathway:** Homologous recombination;

**Background:** Mutations in this gene are associated with Nijmegen breakage syndrome, an

autosomal recessive chromosomal instability syndrome characterized by microcephaly, growth retardation, immunodeficiency, and cancer predisposition. The encoded protein is a member of the MRE11/RAD50 double-strand break repair complex which consists of 5 proteins. This gene product is thought to be involved in DNA double-strand break repair and DNA damage-induced

checkpoint activation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

**Function:** disease:Defects in NBN are a cause of genetic susceptibility to breast cancer

(BC) [MIM:114480]. BC is an extremely common malignancy, affecting one in eight women during their lifetime. A positive family history has been identified as major contributor to risk of development of the disease, and this link is striking for early-onset breast cancer., disease:Defects in NBN are the cause of Nijmegen breakage syndrome (NBS) [MIM:251260]. NBS is an autosomal recessive syndrome characterized by chromosomal instability, radiation sensitivity, microcephaly, growth retardation, immunodeficiency and predisposition to cancer, particularly to lymphoid malignancies., disease:Defects in NBN may be associated with aplastic anemia [MIM:609135]. Aplastic anemia is a disease of bone-marrow failure characterized by peripheral pancytopenia and marrow

hypoplasia. Most of the cases of aplastic anemia are idiopa

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus . Nucleus, PML body . Chromosome, telomere . Chromosome . Localizes to discrete nuclear foci after treatment with genotoxic agents (PubMed:26438602, PubMed:10783165, PubMed:26215093). Acetylation of 'Lys-5' of histone H2AX (H2AXK5ac) promotes NBN/NBS1 assembly at the sites

of DNA damage (PubMed:26438602). .

**Expression:** Ubiquitous (PubMed:9590180). Expressed at high levels in testis

(PubMed:9590180).

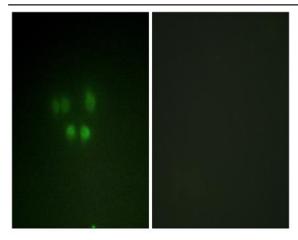
**Sort**: 10845

No4: 1

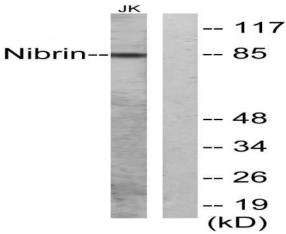
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

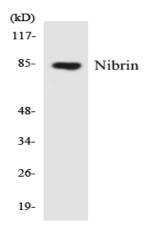
## **Products Images**



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using Nibrin Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, using Nibrin Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from K562 cells using Nibrin antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).