

SERCA2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5451

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat; Chicken

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: SERCA2

Fields: >>Calcium signaling pathway;>>cGMP-PKG signaling pathway;>>cAMP

signaling pathway;>>Cardiac muscle contraction;>>Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes;>>Thyroid hormone signaling pathway;>>Pancreatic secretion;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Spinocerebellar ataxia;>>Pathways of

neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Hypertrophic

cardiomyopathy;>>Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy;>>Dilated

cardiomyopathy;>>Diabetic cardiomyopathy

Gene Name: ATP2A2

Protein Name: Sarcoplasmic/endoplasmic reticulum calcium ATPase 2

P16615

O55143

Human Gene Id: 488

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 11938

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 29693

Rat Swiss Prot No: P11507

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C-

terminal region of human ATP2A2. AA range:841-890

Specificity: SERCA2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SERCA2 protein.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

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Source : Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 115kD

Cell Pathway: Calcium; Cardiac muscle contraction; Alzheimer's disease; Hypertrophic

cardiomyopathy (HCM);Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy

(ARVC); Dilated cardiomyopathy;

Background: This gene encodes one of the SERCA Ca(2+)-ATPases, which are intracellular

pumps located in the sarcoplasmic or endoplasmic reticula of muscle cells. This enzyme catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the translocation of calcium

from the cytosol into the sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen, and is involved in regulation of the contraction/relaxation cycle. Mutations in this gene cause Darier-

White disease, also known as keratosis follicularis, an autosomal dominant skin disorder characterized by loss of adhesion between epidermal cells and abnormal

keratinization. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding

different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008],

Function: alternative products:SERCA2 transcripts differ only in their 3'-UTR region and

are expressed in a tissue-specific manner, catalytic activity: ATP + H(2)O + Ca(2+)(Cis) = ADP + phosphate + Ca(2+)(Trans)., disease: Defects in ATP2A2 are a cause of acrokeratosis verruciformis (AKV) [MIM:101900]; also known as Hopf disease. AKV is a localized disorder of keratinization, which is inherited as an autosomal dominant trait. Its onset is early in life with multiple flat-topped, flesh-colored papules on the hands and feet, punctate keratoses on the palms and

soles, with varying degrees of nail involvement. The histopathology shows a distinctive pattern of epidermal features with hyperkeratosis, hypergranulosis, and

acanthosis together with papillomatosis. These changes are frequently associated with circumscribed elevations of the epidermis that are said to

resemble church spires. There are no feature

Subcellular Location : Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .

Expression: Isoform 1 is widely expressed in smooth muscle and nonmuscle tissues such as

in adult skin epidermis, with highest expression in liver, pancreas and lung, and intermediate expression in brain, kidney and placenta. Also expressed at lower levels in heart and skeletal muscle. Isoforms 2 and 3 are highly expressed in the

heart and slow twitch skeletal muscle. Expression of isoform 3 is predominantly restricted to cardiomyocytes and in close proximity to the sarcolemma. Both isoforms are mildly expressed in lung, kidney, liver, pancreas and placenta. Expression of isoform 3 is amplified during monocytic differentiation and also observed in the fetal heart.

Tag: orthogonal,hot

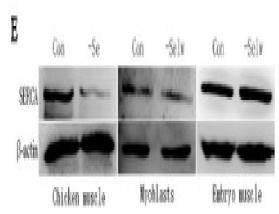
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No4:

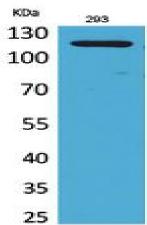
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

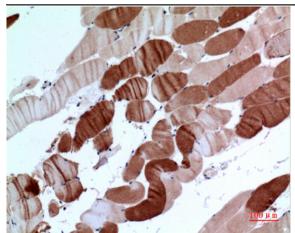
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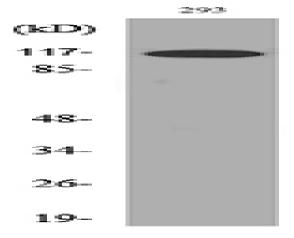
Yao, Haidong, et al. "Selenoprotein W redox-regulated Ca2+ channels correlate with selenium deficiency-induced muscles Ca2+ leak." Oncotarget 7.36 (2016): 57618.



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using SERCA2 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded humanmuscle, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Western blot analysis of lysate from 293 cells, using ATP2A2 Antibody.