

CD156c Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5686

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: CD156c

Fields: >>Alzheimer disease;>>Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection

Gene Name : ADAM10

Protein Name: Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 10

Human Gene Id: 102

Human Swiss Prot

014672

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 11487

Mouse Swiss Prot

O35598

No:

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q10743

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human CD156c.

Specificity: CD156c Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CD156c protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

1/3



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 70kD

Cell Pathway: Alzheimer's disease; Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection;

Background: ADAM metallopeptidase domain 10(ADAM10) Homo sapiens Members of the

ADAM family are cell surface proteins with a unique structure possessing both potential adhesion and protease domains. This gene encodes and ADAM family member that cleaves many proteins including TNF-alpha and E-cadherin.

Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different proteins

that may undergo similar processing. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016],

Function: catalytic activity:Endopeptidase of broad specificity.,cofactor:Binds 1 zinc

ion.,domain:The conserved cysteine present in the cysteine-switch motif binds the catalytic zinc ion, thus inhibiting the enzyme. The dissociation of the cysteine from

the zinc ion upon the activation-peptide release activates the

enzyme.,function:Cleaves the membrane-bound precursor of TNF-alpha at

'76-Ala-|-Val-77' to its mature soluble form. Responsible for the proteolytic release of several other cell-surface proteins, including heparin-binding epidermal growth-like factor, ephrin-A2 and for constitutive and regulated alpha-secretase cleavage of amyloid precursor protein (APP). Contributes to the normal cleavage of the cellular prion protein. Involved in the cleavage of the adhesion molecule L1 at the cell surface and in released membrane vesicles, suggesting a vesicle-based

protease activity. Controls also

Subcellular Location : Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, clathrin-coated vesicle. Cell projection, axon. Cell projection, dendrite. Cell junction, adherens junction. Cytoplasm. Is localized in the plasma membrane but is also expressed in the Golgi apparatus and in clathrin-coated vesicles derived likely from the Golgi (PubMed:12475894). During long term depression, it is recruited to the cell membrane by DLG1 (PubMed:23676497). The immature form is mainly

located near cytoplasmic fibrillar structures, while the mature form is predominantly located at zonula adherens and the cell membrane

(PubMed:30463011). The localization and clustering of mature ADAM10 to

zonula adherens is regulated by AFDN, TSPAN33,

Expression: Expressed in the brain (at protein level) (PubMed:23676497). Expressed in

spleen, lymph node, thymus, peripheral blood leukocyte, bone marrow, cartilage,

chondrocytes and fetal liver (PubMed:11511685, PubMed:9016778).

Sort : 3398

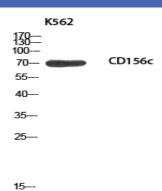
No4: 1



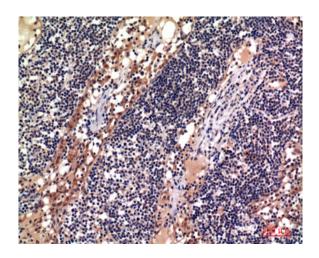
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images



Western blot analysis of K562 using CD156c antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded humanlymph, antibody was diluted at 1:100