

Thyroglobulin Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5985

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Thyroglobulin

Fields: >>Thyroid hormone synthesis;>>Autoimmune thyroid disease

Gene Name: TG

Protein Name : Thyroglobulin (Tg)

P01266

O08710

Human Gene Id: 7038

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 21819

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Swiss Prot No: P06882

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide from human protein at AA range: 2511-2560

Specificity: The antibody detects endogenous Thyroglobulin

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : IHC 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Cell Pathway: Autoimmune thyroid disease;

Background: Thyroglobulin (Tg) is a glycoprotein homodimer produced predominantly by the

thryroid gland. It acts as a substrate for the synthesis of thyroxine and

triiodothyronine as well as the storage of the inactive forms of thyroid hormone and iodine. Thyroglobulin is secreted from the endoplasmic reticulum to its site of

iodination, and subsequent thyroxine biosynthesis, in the follicular lumen. Mutations in this gene cause thyroid dyshormonogenesis, manifested as goiter,

and are associated with moderate to severe congenital hypothyroidism. Polymorphisms in this gene are associated with susceptibility to autoimmune

thyroid diseases (AITD) such as Graves disease and Hashimoto thryoiditis.

[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2009],

Function: disease:Defects in TG are a cause of some forms of goiter [MIM:188450]. Goiter

is an enlargement of the thyroid gland. This is sometimes linked to

hypothyroidism.,disease:Variations in TG are associated with susceptibility to autoimmune thyroid disease type 3 (AITD3) [MIM:608175]. AITDs including Graves disease (GD) and Hashimoto thyroiditis (HT), are among the most common human autoimmune diseases. They are complex diseases, which are caused by an interaction between susceptibility genes and nongenetic factors, such as infection.,function:Precursor of the iodinated thyroid hormones thyroxine

(T4) and triiodothyronine (T3).,online information:Thyroglobulin

entry, PTM: Sulfated., similarity: Belongs to the type-B carboxylesterase/lipase

family., similarity: Contains 11 thyroglobulin type-1

domains., subunit: Homodimer., tissue specificity: Thyroid gland specific.,

Subcellular Location:

Secreted. Secreted into the thyroid follicle lumen (PubMed:19509106). Localizes to colloid globules, a structure formed in the thyroid follicle lumen consisting of cross-linked TG arranged in concentric layers (PubMed:8626858,

PubMed:11082042)...

Expression : Specifically expressed in the thyroid gland.

Sort: 17125

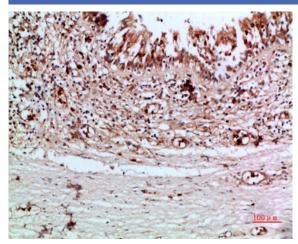
No4: 1

Host: Rabbit

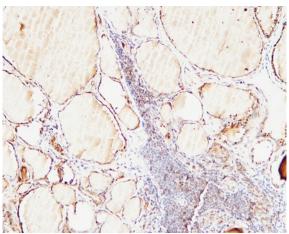
Modifications: Unmodified



Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded humanthyroid, antibody was diluted at 1:200



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Thyroid. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Highpressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).