

Cleaved-Cathepsin D HC (L169) Polyclonal Antibody

YC0037 Catalog No:

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: Cathepsin D

Fields: >>Sphingolipid signaling pathway;>>Autophagy -

> animal;>>Lysosome;>>Apoptosis;>>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Tuberculosis;>>Diabetic cardiomyopathy

Gene Name: **CTSD**

Protein Name: Cathepsin D

Human Gene Id: 1509

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Immunogen:

CATD. AA range:150-199

Specificity: Cleaved-Cathepsin D HC (L169) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels

of fragment of activated Cathepsin D HC protein resulting from cleavage adjacent

to L169.

P07339

P18242

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:40000. Not yet tested in other applications. **Dilution:**

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 27kD

Cell Pathway: Lysosome;

Background: This gene encodes a member of the A1 family of peptidases. The encoded

preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate multiple protein products.

These products include the cathepsin D light and heavy chains, which heterodimerize to form the mature enzyme. This enzyme exhibits pepsin-like activity and plays a role in protein turnover and in the proteolytic activation of hormones and growth factors. Mutations in this gene play a causal role in neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis-10 and may be involved in the pathogenesis of several other diseases, including breast cancer and possibly Alzheimer's

disease. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015],

Function: catalytic activity: Specificity similar to, but narrower than, that of pepsin A. Does

not cleave the 4-Gln-|-His-5 bond in B chain of insulin., disease:Defects in CTSD are the cause of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis 10 (CLN10) [MIM:610127]; also known as neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis due to cathepsin D deficiency. The neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis are a group of progressive neurodegenerative diseases in children and in adults, characterized by visual and mental decline, motor disturbance, epilepsy and behavioral changes., function:Acid protease active in intracellular protein breakdown. Involved in the pathogenesis of several

diseases such as breast cancer and possibly Alzheimer

disease.,polymorphism:The Val-58 allele is significantly overrepresented in demented patients (11.8%) compared with non-demented controls (4.9%).

Carriers of the Val-58 allele have a 3.1-fold increased risk for de

Subcellular

Lysosome. Melanosome. Secreted, extracellular space. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV. In aortic samples,

detected as an extracellular protein loosely bound to the matrix

(PubMed:20551380)...

Expression : Expressed in the aorta extracellular space (at protein level)

(PubMed:20551380). Expressed in liver (at protein level) (PubMed:1426530).

Tag: orthogonal

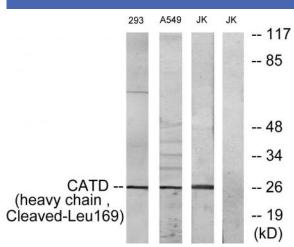
Sort : 4178

No4: 1

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293, A549, and JurKat cells, treated with etoposide 25uM 1h, using CATD (heavy chain, Cleaved-Leu169) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.