

HDAC8 (phospho Ser39) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0127

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: HDAC8

Fields: >>Neutrophil extracellular trap formation;>>Alcoholism;>>Viral carcinogenesis

Gene Name: HDAC8

Protein Name: Histone deacetylase 8

Human Gene Id: 55869

Human Swiss Prot

Q9BY41

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 70315

Mouse Swiss Prot

Q8VH37

No:

Rat Gene Id: 1.00912e+008

Rat Swiss Prot No: B1WC68

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

HDAC8 around the phosphorylation site of Ser39. AA range:5-54

Specificity: Phospho-HDAC8 (S39) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

HDAC8 protein only when phosphorylated at S39.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

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Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 42kD

Cell Pathway : Protein_Acetylation

Background: Histones play a critical role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression,

and developmental events. Histone acetylation/deacetylation alters chromosome structure and affects transcription factor access to DNA. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to class I of the histone deacetylase family. It catalyzes the deacetylation of lysine residues in the histone N-terminal tails and represses transcription in large multiprotein complexes with transcriptional co-repressors. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this

gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009],

Function: catalytic activity:Hydrolysis of an N(6)-acetyl-lysine residue of a histone to yield a

deacetylated histone.,caution:The sequence shown here is derived from an Ensembl automatic analysis pipeline and should be considered as preliminary data.,function:Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional

regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone

deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein

complexes.,miscellaneous:Its activity is inhibited by trichostatin A (TSA) and butyrate, two well known histone deacetylase inhibitors.,similarity:Belongs to the histone deacetylase family. Type 1 subfamily.,subcellular location:Excluded from

the nucleoli., subunit: Interacts with PEPB2-MYH11, a f

Subcellular Nucleus . Chromosome . Cytoplasm . Excluded from the nucleoli

Location: (PubMed:10748112). Found in the cytoplasm of cells showing smooth muscle

differentiation (PubMed:15772115, PubMed:16538051). .

Expression: Weakly expressed in most tissues. Expressed at higher level in heart, brain,

kidney and pancreas and also in liver, lung, placenta, prostate and kidney.

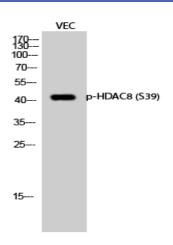
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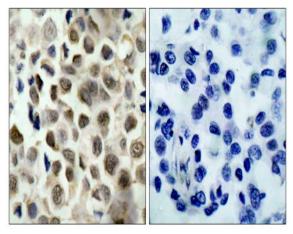
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Phospho

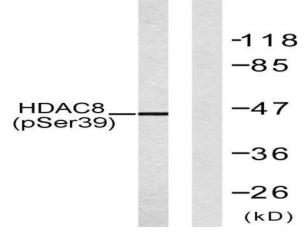
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of VEC cells using Phospho-HDAC8 (S39) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma, using HDAC8 (Phospho-Ser39) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells, using HDAC8 (Phospho-Ser39) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.