

XIAP (phospho Ser87) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0681

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: XIAP

Fields: >>Platinum drug resistance;>>NF-kappa B signaling pathway;>>Ubiquitin

mediated proteolysis;>>Apoptosis;>>Apoptosis - multiple

species;>>Necroptosis;>>Focal adhesion;>>NOD-like receptor signaling

pathway;>>Toxoplasmosis;>>Human T-cell leukemia virus 1

infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - receptor

activation;>>Small cell lung cancer

Gene Name: XIAP

Protein Name: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase XIAP

P98170

Q60989

Human Gene Id: 331

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 11798

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 63879

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q9R0I6

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

XIAP around the phosphorylation site of Ser87. AA range:53-102

Specificity: Phospho-XIAP (S87) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of XIAP

protein only when phosphorylated at S87.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

1/4



Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 57kD

Cell Pathway: Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis; Apoptosis_Inhibition; Apoptosis_Mitochondrial; Ap

optosis_Overview;Focal adhesion;NOD-like receptor;Pathways in cancer;Small

cell lung cancer;

Background : This gene encodes a protein that belongs to a family of apoptotic suppressor

proteins. Members of this family share a conserved motif termed, baculovirus IAP repeat, which is necessary for their anti-apoptotic function. This protein functions through binding to tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factors TRAF1 and TRAF2 and inhibits apoptosis induced by menadione, a potent inducer of free radicals, and interleukin 1-beta converting enzyme. This protein also inhibits at least two members of the caspase family of cell-death proteases, caspase-3 and caspase-7. Mutations in this gene are the cause of X-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Pseudogenes of this gene are found on chromosomes 2 and 11.[provided by RefSeq, Feb

2011],

Function: disease:Defects in XIAP are the cause of lymphoproliferative syndrome X-linked

type 2 (XLP2) [MIM:300635]. XLP is a rare immunodeficiency characterized by extreme susceptibility to infection with Epstein-Barr virus (EBV). Symptoms include severe or fatal mononucleosis, acquired hypogammaglobulinemia, pancytopenia and malignant lymphoma.,domain:The first BIR domain is involved in interaction with MAP3K7IP1 and is important for dimerization. The second BIR domain is sufficient to inhibit caspase-3 and caspase-7, while the third BIR is involved in caspase-9 inhibition. The interactions with SMAC and PRSS25 are mediated by the second and third BIR domains.,function:Apoptotic suppressor. Has E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity. Mediates the proteasomal degradation of target proteins, such as caspase-3, SMAC or AIFM1. Inhibitor of caspase-3, -7

and -9. Mediates activation of MAP3K7/TAK1, lead

Subcellular Location : Cytoplasm. Nucleus. TLE3 promotes its nuclear localization.

Expression: Expressed in colonic crypts (at protein level) (PubMed:30389919). Ubiquitous,

except peripheral blood leukocytes (PubMed:8654366).



Tag: orthogonal ____

Sort : 1269

No4: 1

Host: Rabbit

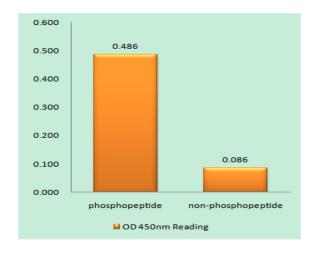
Modifications: Phospho

Products Images

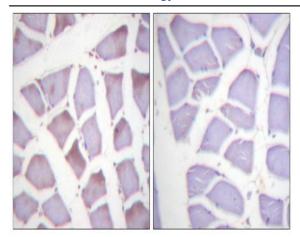


Western Blot analysis of HepG2 cells using Phospho-XIAP (S87) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500

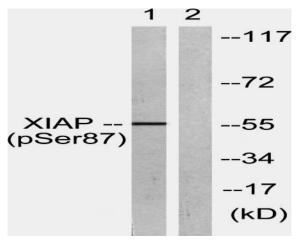




Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using XIAP (Phospho-Ser87) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human skeletal muscle, using XIAP (Phospho-Ser87) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells treated with Anisomycin 25ug/ml 30', using XIAP (Phospho-Ser87) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.