

c-Rel (phospho Ser503) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YP0852
Reactivity :	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Target :	c-Rel
Fields :	>>Ras signaling pathway;>>Transcriptional misregulation in cancer;>>Viral carcinogenesis
Gene Name :	REL
Protein Name :	Proto-oncogene c-Rel
Human Gene Id :	5966
Human Swiss Prot No :	Q04864
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	P15307
Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Rel around the phosphorylation site of Ser503. AA range:470-519
Specificity :	Phospho-c-Rel (S503) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of c-Rel protein only when phosphorylated at S503.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000.. IF 1:50-200
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml

Storage Stability : -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight : 69kD

Background : This gene encodes a protein that belongs to the Rel homology domain/immunoglobulin-like fold, plexin, transcription factor (RHD/IPT) family. Members of this family regulate genes involved in apoptosis, inflammation, the immune response, and oncogenic processes. This proto-oncogene plays a role in the survival and proliferation of B lymphocytes. Mutation or amplification of this gene is associated with B-cell lymphomas, including Hodgkin's lymphoma. Single nucleotide polymorphisms in this gene are associated with susceptibility to ulcerative colitis and rheumatoid arthritis. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014],

Function : function:Proto-oncogene that may play a role in differentiation and lymphopoiesis. NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processes such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFkB1/p105, NFkB1/p50, REL and NFkB2/p52. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as b

Subcellular Location : Nucleus .

Expression : Colon,

Tag : hot

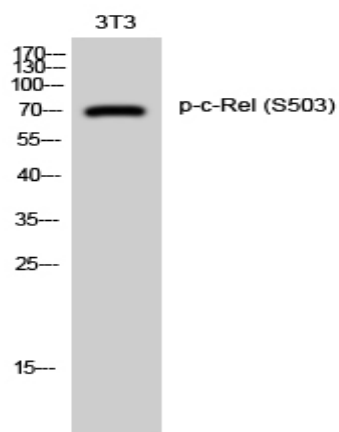
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No4 : 1

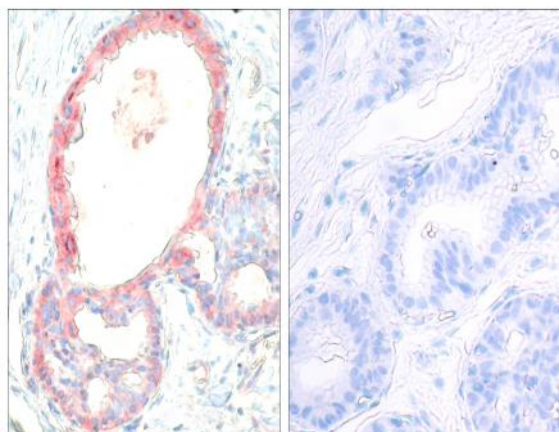
Host : Rabbit

Modifications : Phospho

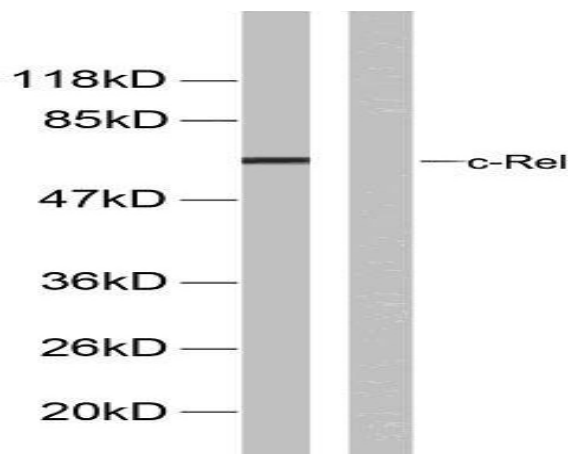
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using Phospho-c-Rel (S503) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003, Inventbiotech, MN, USA).



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Rel (Phospho-Ser503) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from MDA-MB-435 cells, using Rel (Phospho-Ser503) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.