

GIT2 (Phospho Tyr392) rabbit pAb

Catalog No: YP1347

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: WB

Target: GIT2

Fields: >>Endocytosis;>>Yersinia infection

Q14161

Q9JLQ2

Gene Name: GIT2 KIAA0148

Protein Name : GIT2 (Tyr392)

Human Gene ld: 9815

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 26431

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Synthesized phosho peptide around human GIT2 (Tyr392)

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human GIT2 (phospho-Tyr392)

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:1000-2000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography

using specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

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Storage Stability: 84kD **Observed Band: Cell Pathway:** Endocytosis; **Background:** This gene encodes a member of the GIT protein family, which interact with G protein-coupled receptor kinases and possess ADP-ribosylation factor (ARF) GTPase-activating protein (GAP) activity. GIT proteins traffic between cytoplasmic complexes, focal adhesions, and the cell periphery, and interact with Pak interacting exchange factor beta (PIX) to form large oligomeric complexes that transiently recruit other proteins. GIT proteins regulate cytoskeletal dynamics and participate in receptor internalization and membrane trafficking. This gene has been shown to repress lamellipodial extension and focal adhesion turnover, and is thought to regulate cell motility. This gene undergoes extensive alternative

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

differences, with respect to ARF GAP activity and to G

Function: alternative products: Additional isoforms seem to exist, function: GTP ase-

> activating protein for the ADP ribosylation factor family, similarity: Contains 1 Arf-GAP domain., similarity: Contains 3 ANK repeats., subunit: Interacts with TGFB111 (By similarity). Interacts with G protein-coupled receptor kinases. Associates with

splicing to generate multiple isoforms, but the full-length nature of some of these

variants has not been determined. The various isoforms have functional

paxillin. Also interacts with PIX exchange factors.,

Subcellular nucleoplasm, focal adhesion, Location:

B-cell, Bone marrow, Cerebellum, Dermoid cancer, Epithelium, Skin, T-cell, **Expression:**

Sort: 6588

No4:

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Phospho

Products Images

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