

HSP70 (Acetyl Lys246) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YK0061

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: HSP70

Fields: >>Spliceosome;>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Protein processing in

endoplasmic reticulum;>>Endocytosis;>>Longevity regulating pathway - multiple

species;>>Antigen processing and presentation;>>Estrogen signaling

pathway;>>Prion disease;>>Legionellosis;>>Toxoplasmosis;>>Measles;>>Lipid

and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: HSPA1A

Protein Name: Heat shock 70 kDa protein 1A/1B

Human Gene Id: 3303/3304

Human Swiss Prot

No:

P0DMV8/P0DMV9

Immunogen: Synthesized acetyl-peptide derived from the Internal region of human HSP70

around the acetylation site of K246.

Specificity: Acetyl-HSP70 (K246) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of HSP70

protein only when acetylation at K246.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3



Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 70kD

Cell Pathway : Spliceosome;MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;Endocytosis;Antigen

processing and presentation; Prion diseases;

Background: This intronless gene encodes a 70kDa heat shock protein which is a member of

the heat shock protein 70 family. In conjuction with other heat shock proteins, this protein stabilizes existing proteins against aggregation and mediates the folding of newly translated proteins in the cytosol and in organelles. It is also involved in the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway through interaction with the AU-rich element RNA-binding protein 1. The gene is located in the major histocompatibility complex class III region, in a cluster with two closely related genes which encode

similar proteins. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: function:In cooperation with other chaperones, Hsp70s stabilize preexistent

proteins against aggregation and mediate the folding of newly translated polypeptides in the cytosol as well as within organelles. These chaperones participate in all these processes through their ability to recognize nonnative conformations of other proteins. They bind extended peptide segments with a net hydrophobic character exposed by polypeptides during translation and membrane translocation, or following stress-induced damage. In case of rotavirus A infection, serves as a post-attachment receptor for the virus to facilitate entry into the cell.,induction:By heat shock.,similarity:Belongs to the heat shock protein 70 family.,subunit:HSPA1B is found in a sperm-specific complex with CATSPER1

and CATSPERB (By similarity). Interacts with TSC2. Interacts with

IRAK1BP1.,tissue specificity:HSPA1B is testis-specific

Subcellular Location:

Sort:

Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome . Secreted . Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing

untranslated mRNAs.

7919

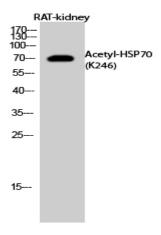
Expression : Brain, Cajal-Retzius cell, Embryonic kidney, Epithelium, Fetal

No4: 1

Host: Rabbit

Modifications : Acetyl

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of RAT-kidney cells using Acetyl-HSP70 (K246) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000