

Lck Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YM0413

Reactivity: Human

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: Lck

Fields: >>NF-kappa B signaling pathway;>>Osteoclast differentiation;>>Natural killer

cell mediated cytotoxicity;>>Th1 and Th2 cell differentiation;>>Th17 cell

differentiation;>>T cell receptor signaling pathway;>>Yersinia infection;>>Human T-cell leukemia virus 1 infection;>>PD-L1 expression and PD-1 checkpoint

pathway in cancer;>>Primary immunodeficiency

Gene Name: LCK

Protein Name: Tyrosine-protein kinase Lck

P06240

Human Gene Id: 3932

Human Swiss Prot P06239

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Purified recombinant fragment of human Lck expressed in E. Coli.

Specificity: Lck Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Lck protein.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification : Affinity purification

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

1/3

Molecularweight: 58kD

Cell Pathway: Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity;T_Cell_Receptor;Primary

immunodeficiency;

P References: 1. Mingjian Shi, John C. Cooper, Chao-Lan Yu. Mol. Cancer Res., Jan 2006; 4:

39-45

2. Robert F. Stachlewitz, Michelle A. Hart, Brian Bettencourt, J. Pharmacol, Exp.

Ther., Oct 2005; 315: 36-41.

Background: This gene is a member of the Src family of protein tyrosine kinases (PTKs). The

encoded protein is a key signaling molecule in the selection and maturation of developing T-cells. It contains N-terminal sites for myristylation and palmitylation, a PTK domain, and SH2 and SH3 domains which are involved in mediating protein-protein interactions with phosphotyrosine-containing and proline-rich motifs, respectively. The protein localizes to the plasma membrane and pericentrosomal vesicles, and binds to cell surface receptors, including CD4 and CD8, and other signaling molecules. Multiple alternatively spliced variants encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Aug

2016],

Function : catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine

phosphate.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving LCK is found in leukemias. Translocation t(1;7)(p34;q34) with TCRB.,domain:The SH2 domain

mediates interaction with SQSTM1. Interaction is regulated by Ser-59

phosphorylation.,enzyme regulation:Inhibited by tyrosine

phosphorylation.,function:Tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role for the selection and maturation of developing T-cell in the thymus and in mature T-cell function. Is constitutively associated with the cytoplasmic portions of the CD4 and CD8 surface receptors and plays a key role in T-cell antigen receptor(TCR)-linked signal transduction pathways. Association of the TCR with a peptide antigenbound MHC complex facilitates the interaction of CD4 and CD8 with MHC class II

and class I molecules, respectively, and thereby recruits the associat

Subcellular Ce

 $\label{eq:continuous} \textbf{Cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor ; Cytoplasmic side . Cytoplasm, cytosol . Present}$

in lipid rafts in an inactive form. .

Expression : Expressed specifically in lymphoid cells.

Sort: 1295

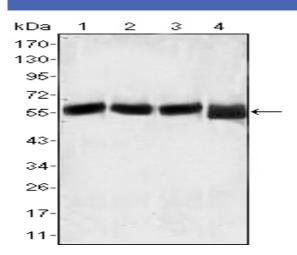
No4:

Host: Mouse

Modifications: Unmodified



Products Images



Western Blot analysis using Lck Monoclonal Antibody against MOLT-4 (1), CCRF-CEM (2), CCRF-HSB-2 (3) and Jurkat (4) cell lysate.