

HXK II Monoclonal Antibody

YM1050 Catalog No:

Human; Mouse; Rat; Pig Reactivity:

Applications: WB

HXK II **Target:**

Fields: >>Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis;>>Fructose and mannose

metabolism;>>Galactose metabolism;>>Starch and sucrose

metabolism;>>Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism;>>Neomycin, kanamycin and gentamicin biosynthesis;>>Metabolic pathways;>>Carbon

metabolism;>>Biosynthesis of nucleotide sugars;>>HIF-1 signaling

pathway;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Type II diabetes mellitus;>>Carbohydrate digestion and absorption;>>Shigellosis;>>Central carbon metabolism in cancer

Gene Name: HK2

Hexokinase-2 **Protein Name:**

Human Gene Id: 3099

Human Swiss Prot

P52789

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 15277

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 25059

Rat Swiss Prot No: P27881

Purified recombinant human HXK II (N-terminus) protein fragments expressed in Immunogen:

E.coli.

O08528

Specificity: HXK II Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of HXK II protein.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. Formulation:

1/3



Source: Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution: WB 1:1000 - 1:2000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification : Affinity purification

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 102kD

Cell Pathway: Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis; Fructose and mannose metabolism; Galactose

metabolism; Starch and sucrose metabolism; Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar

metabolism;Insulin_Receptor;Type II diabetes mellitus;

Background : Hexokinases phosphorylate glucose to produce glucose-6-phosphate, the first

step in most glucose metabolism pathways. This gene encodes hexokinase 2, the predominant form found in skeletal muscle. It localizes to the outer membrane of mitochondria. Expression of this gene is insulin-responsive, and studies in rat suggest that it is involved in the increased rate of glycolysis seen in rapidly

growing cancer cells. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2009],

Function : catalytic activity:ATP + D-hexose = ADP + D-hexose 6-phosphate.,domain:The

N- and C-terminal halves of this hexokinase show extensive sequence similarity to

each other. The catalytic activity is associated with the C-terminus while

regulatory function is associated with the N-terminus..enzyme

regulation:Hexokinase is an allosteric enzyme inhibited by its product Glc-6-P.,miscellaneous:In vertebrates there are four major glucose-phosphorylating isoenzymes, designated hexokinase I, II, III and IV

(glucokinase).,online information:Hexokinase entry,pathway:Carbohydrate metabolism; hexose metabolism.,polymorphism:Although found in NIDDM

patients, genetic variations of HK2 do not contribute to the

disease.,similarity:Belongs to the hexokinase family.,subcellular location:Its

hydrophobic N-terminal sequence may be involved in membrane binding.,subunit:Monomer.,tissue specificity:Predominant hex

Subcellular Location:

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cytosol. The mitochondrial-binding peptide (MBP) region promotes association with the mitochondrial outer membrane (PubMed:29298880). The interaction with the mitochondrial outer membrane via the mitochondrial-binding peptide (MBP) region promotes higher stability of the protein (PubMed:29298880). Release from the mitochondrial outer membrane into the cytosol induces permeability transition

pore (PTP) opening and apoptosis (PubMed:18350175)...

Expression: Predominant hexokinase isozyme expressed in insulin-responsive tissues such

as skeletal muscle.



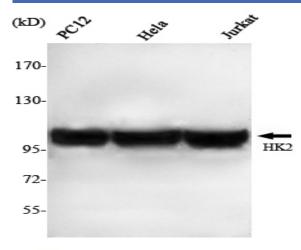
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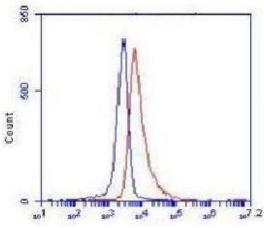
Host: Mouse

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images



Western Blot analysis using HXK II Monoclonal Antibody against PC12, HeLa, Jurkat cell lysate.



Flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells stained with HXK II Monoclonal Antibody (red), followed by FITC-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG. Blue line histogram represents the isotype control, normal mouse IgG.