

PRMT6 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YM1086
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF
Target :	PRMT6
Gene Name :	PRMT6
Protein Name :	Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 6
Human Gene Id :	55170
Human Swiss Prot No :	Q96LA8
Mouse Gene Id :	99890
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q6NZB1
Immunogen :	Purified recombinant human PRMT6 protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
Specificity :	PRMT6 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PRMT6 protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Monoclonal, Mouse
Dilution :	WB 1:1000 - 1:2000. IHC 1:500 - 1:1000. IF 1:100 - 1:500. Not yet tested in other applications.
Purification :	Affinity purification
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight : 42kD

Background : The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the arginine N-methyltransferase family, which catalyze the sequential transfer of methyl group from S-adenosyl-L-methionine to the side chain nitrogens of arginine residues within proteins, to form methylated arginine derivatives and S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine. This protein can catalyze both, the formation of omega-N monomethylarginine and asymmetrical dimethylarginine, with a strong preference for the latter. It specifically mediates the asymmetric dimethylation of Arg2 of histone H3, and the methylated form represents a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression. This protein also forms a complex with, and methylates DNA polymerase beta, resulting in stimulation of polymerase activity by enhancing DNA binding and processivity. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011],

Function : catalytic activity:S-adenosyl-L-methionine + histone-arginine = S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine + histone-N(omega)-methyl-arginine.,function:Arginine methyltransferase that can both catalyze the formation of omega-N monomethylarginine (MMA) and asymmetrical dimethylarginine (aDMA), with a strong preference for the formation of aDMA. Preferentially methylates arginyl residues present in a glycine and arginine-rich domain and displays preference for monomethylated substrates. Specifically mediates the asymmetric dimethylation of histone H3 'Arg-2' to form H3R2me2a. H3R2me2a represents a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression and is mutually exclusive with methylation on histone H3 'Lys-4' (H3K4me2 and H3K4me3). It thereby acts as a transcription corepressor of various genes such as HOXA2. Also methylates histone H2A and H4 'Arg-3' (H2AR3me and H4R3me, respectively). Acts as a reg

Subcellular Location : Nucleus .

Expression : Highly expressed in kidney and testis.

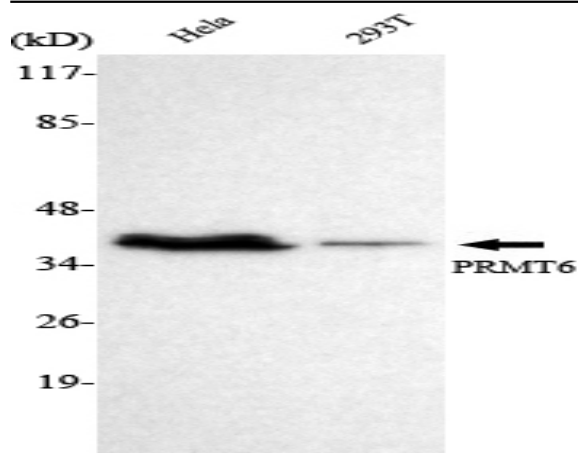
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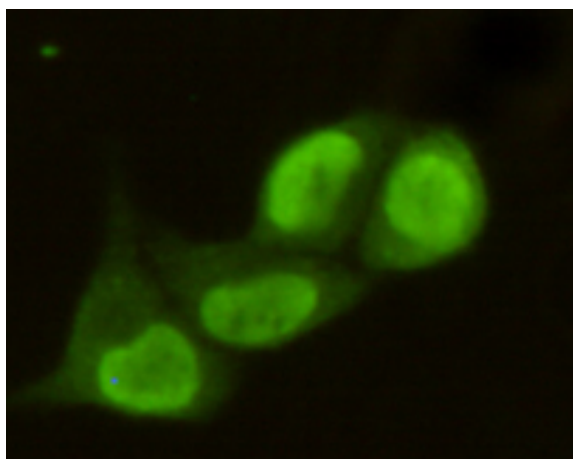
Host : Mouse

Modifications : Unmodified

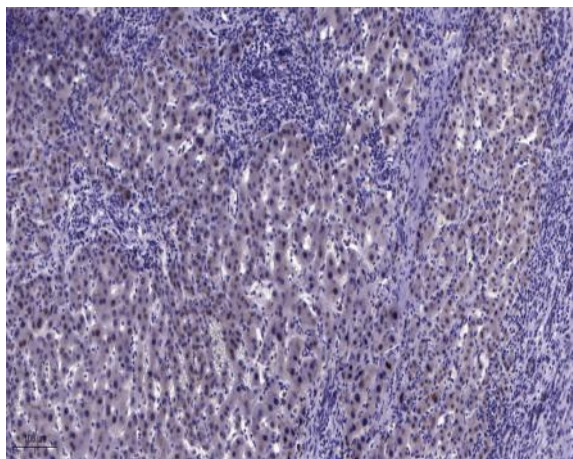
Products Images



Western Blot analysis using PRMT6 Monoclonal Antibody against HeLa, 293T cell lysate.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using PRMT6 Monoclonal Antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).