

**CD183 (CXCR3)-FC recombinant protein**

<b>Catalog No :</b>	YD3006
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human;
<b>Purity :</b>	>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE
<b>Gene Name :</b>	CXCR3
<b>Protein Name :</b>	C-X-C chemokine receptor type 3 (CXC-R3) (CXCR-3) (CKR-L2) (G protein-coupled receptor 9) (Interferon-inducible protein 10 receptor) (IP-10 receptor) (CD antigen CD183)
<b>Sequence :</b>	Amino acid:1-53,with FC tag.
<b>Human Gene Id :</b>	2833
<b>Human Swiss Prot No :</b>	P49682
<b>Formulation :</b>	Phosphate-buffered solution
<b>Source :</b>	Mammalian cells
<b>Storage Stability :</b>	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)
<b>Function :</b>	[Isoform 1]: Receptor for the C-X-C chemokine CXCL9, CXCL10 and CXCL11 and mediates the proliferation, survival and angiogenic activity of human mesangial cells (HMC) through a heterotrimeric G-protein signaling pathway (PubMed:12782716). Binds to CCL21. Probably promotes cell chemotaxis response. Upon activation by PF4, induces activated T-lymphocytes migration mediated via downstream Ras/extracellular signal-regulated kinase (ERK) signaling.; [Isoform 2]: Receptor for the C-X-C chemokine CXCL4 and also mediates the inhibitory activities of CXCL9, CXCL10 and CXCL11 on the proliferation, survival and angiogenic activity of human microvascular endothelial cells (HMVEC) through a cAMP-mediated signaling pathway (PubMed:12782716). Does not promote cell chemotaxis respons. Interaction with CXCL4 or CXCL10 leads to activation of the p38MAPK pathway and contributes to inhibition of angiogenesi
<b>Subcellular Location :</b>	[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .; [Isoform 2]: Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .

**Expression :** Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are mainly expressed in heart, kidney, liver and skeletal muscle. Isoform 1 is also expressed in placenta. Isoform 2 is expressed in endothelial cells. Expressed in T-cells (at protein level).

---

## Products Images