

E2F-5 Polyclonal Antibody

YT1445 Catalog No:

Human; Mouse; Rat Reactivity:

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: E2F-5

Fields: >>Cell cycle;>>Cellular senescence;>>TGF-beta signaling pathway

Gene Name: E2F5

Protein Name: Transcription factor E2F5

Q61502

Human Gene Id: 1875

Human Swiss Prot

Q15329

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 13559

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q62814

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Immunogen:

E2F-5. AA range:93-142

E2F-5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of E2F-5 protein. **Specificity:**

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 36kD

Cell Pathway: Cell_Cycle_G1S;Cell_Cycle_G2M_DNA;TGF-beta;

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the E2F family of transcription

factors. The E2F family plays a crucial role in the control of cell cycle and action of tumor suppressor proteins and is also a target of the transforming proteins of small DNA tumor viruses. The E2F proteins contain several evolutionarily conserved domains that are present in most members of the family. These domains include a DNA binding domain, a dimerization domain which determines interaction with the differentiation regulated transcription factor proteins (DP), a transactivation domain enriched in acidic amino acids, and a tumor suppressor protein association domain which is embedded within the transactivation domain. This protein is differentially phosphorylated and is expressed in a wide variety of human tissues. It has higher identity to E2F4 than to other family members. Both

this protein and E2F4 inter

Function: function: Transcriptional activator that binds to E2F sites, these sites are present

in the promoter of many genes whose products are involved in cell proliferation. May mediate growth factor-initiated signal transduction. It is likely involved in the early responses of resting cells to growth factor stimulation., similarity:Belongs to the E2F/DP family., subunit:Component of the DRTF1/E2F transcription factor complex. Binds cooperatively with DP-1 to E2F sites. Interaction with retinoblastoma protein RB1 or proteins RBL1 and RBL2 inhibits the E2F transactivation domain. Component of the DREAM complex (also named LINC complex) at least composed of E2F4, E2F5, LIN9, LIN37, LIN52, LIN54, MYBL1, MYBL2, RBL1, RBL2, RBBP4, TFDP1 and TFDP2. The complex exists in quiescent cells where it represses cell cycle-dependent genes. It dissociates in S

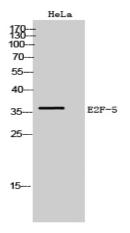
phase when LIN9, LIN37, LIN52 and LIN54 form a subcom

Subcellular Location:

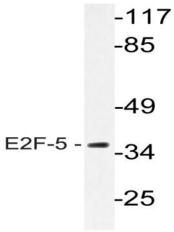
Nucleus.

Expression: Brain, Colon carcinoma, Fetal lung, Placenta,

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of HeLa cells using E2F-5 Polyclonal Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysate from HeLa cells, using E2F-5 antibody.