

E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YT1454
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Target :	E-cadherin
Fields :	>>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Hippo signaling pathway;>>Cell adhesion molecules;>>Adherens junction;>>Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Endometrial cancer;>>Thyroid cancer;>>Melanoma;>>Bladder cancer;>>Gastric cancer
Gene Name :	CDH1
Protein Name :	Cadherin-1
Human Gene Id :	999
Human Swiss Prot No :	P12830
Mouse Gene Id :	12550
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	P09803
Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q9R0T4/Q9Z1Y3/Q63149
Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Cadherin. AA range:833-882
Specificity :	E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of E-cadherin protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1:20000. IF 1:100-300 Not yet

tested in other applications.

Purification : The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration : 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability : -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band : 125-130kD

Cell Pathway : Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs);Adherens_Junction;Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;Pathways in cancer;Endometrial cancer;Thyroid cancer;Melanoma;Bladder cancer;

Background : This gene encodes a classical cadherin of the cadherin superfamily. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate the mature glycoprotein. This calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion protein is comprised of five extracellular cadherin repeats, a transmembrane region and a highly conserved cytoplasmic tail. Mutations in this gene are correlated with gastric, breast, colorectal, thyroid and ovarian cancer. Loss of function of this gene is thought to contribute to cancer progression by increasing proliferation, invasion, and/or metastasis. The ectodomain of this protein mediates bacterial adhesion to mammalian cells and the cytoplasmic domain is required for internalization. This gene is present in a gene cluster with other members of the cadherin family on chromosome 16. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015],

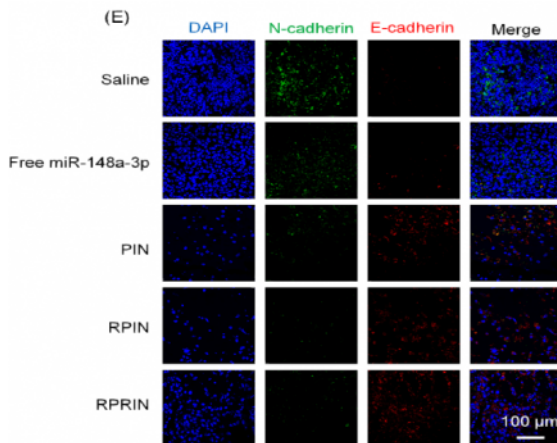
Function : disease:Defects in CDH1 are a cause of gastric cancer [MIM:137215]; also known as hereditary familial diffuse gastric cancer (HDGC).,disease:Defects in CDH1 are a cause of susceptibility to endometrial cancer [MIM:608089].,disease:Defects in CDH1 are associated with ovarian cancer [MIM:167000]. Ovarian cancer is the leading cause of death from gynecologic malignancy. It is characterized by advanced presentation with loco-regional dissemination in the peritoneal cavity and the rare incidence of visceral metastases. These typical features relate to the biology of the disease, which is a principal determinant of outcome.,disease:Defects in CDH1 are involved in dysfunction of the cell-cell adhesion system, triggering cancer invasion (gastric, breast, ovary, endometrium and thyroid) and metastasis.,function:Cadherins are calcium dependent cell adhesion proteins.,function:Cadherins are calcium

Subcellular Location : Cell junction, adherens junction . Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network. Colocalizes with DLGAP5 at sites of cell-cell contact in intestinal epithelial cells. Anchored to actin microfilaments through association with alpha-, beta- and gamma-catenin. Sequential proteolysis induced by apoptosis or calcium influx, results in translocation from sites of cell-cell contact to the cytoplasm. Colocalizes with

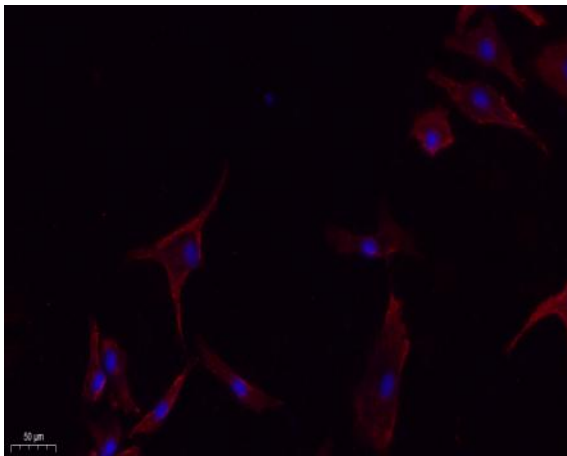
RAB11A endosomes during its transport from the Golgi apparatus to the plasma membrane.

Expression : Non-neural epithelial tissues.

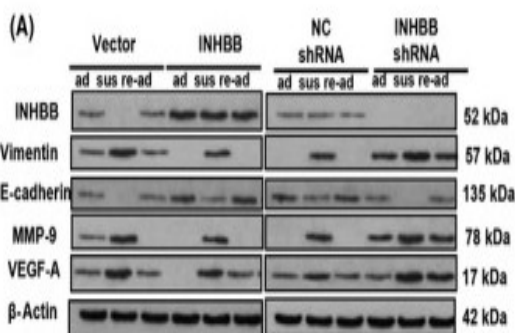
Products Images



The mirrored cationic peptide as miRNA vehicle for efficient lung cancer therapy. Lu Liang IF Mouse NCI-H1299 cell-xenograft

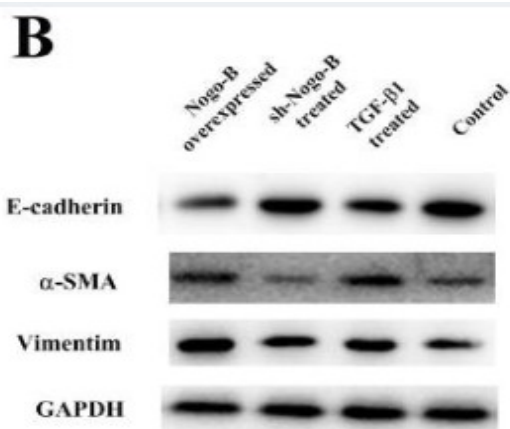
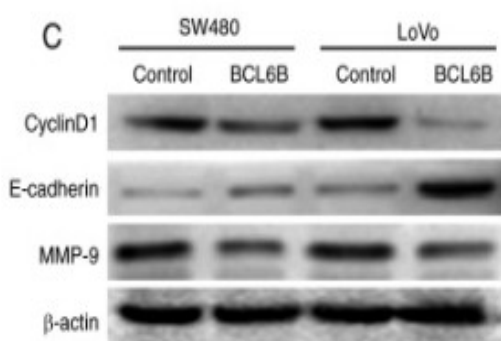


Immunofluorescence analysis of A549. 1, primary Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit IgG (H&L) - Alexa Fluor 594 Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min.

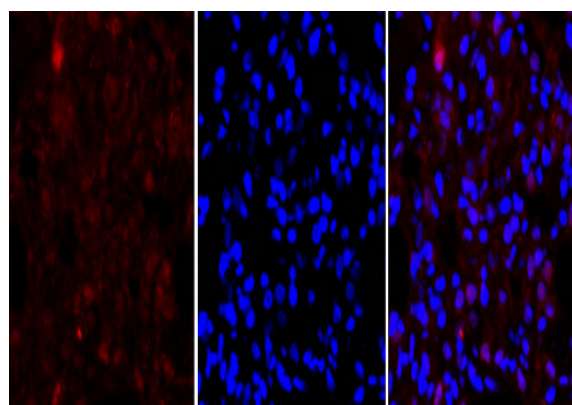


Zou, Guoying, et al. "Inhibin B suppresses anoikis resistance and migration through the transforming growth factor-β signaling pathway in nasopharyngeal carcinoma." *Cancer science* 109.11 (2018): 3416.

Gu, Yue, et al. "BCL6B suppresses proliferation and migration of colorectal carcinoma cells through inhibition of the PI3K/AKT signaling pathway." *International journal of molecular medicine* 41.5 (2018): 2660-2668.



Xiong, Ye, et al. "NOGO-B promotes EMT in lung fibrosis via MMP14 mediates free TGF-beta1 formation." *Oncotarget* 8.41 (2017): 71024.

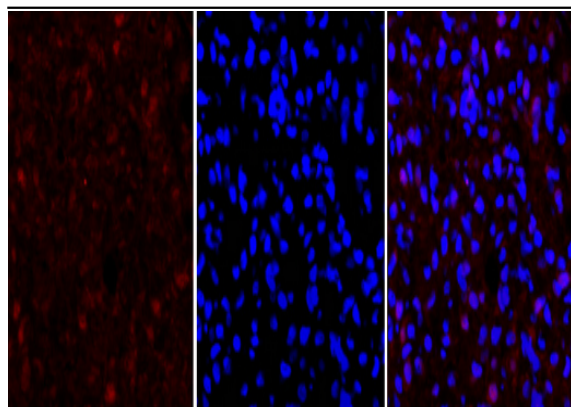


A

B

C

Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-lung tissue. 1, E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4 °C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

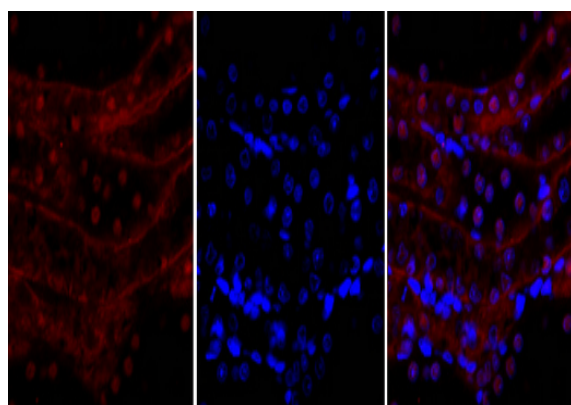


A

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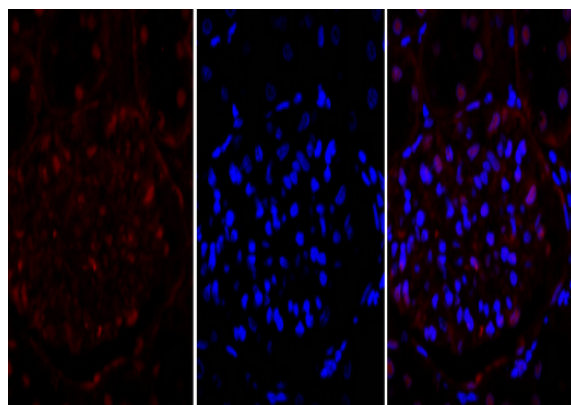


A

B

C

Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-kidney tissue. 1, E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4 °C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50 min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10 min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

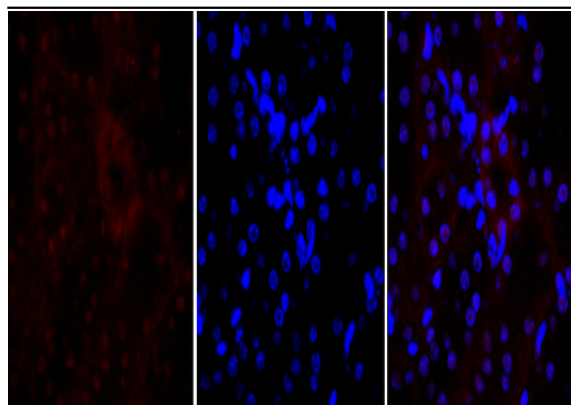


A

B

C

Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-kidney tissue. 1, E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4 °C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50 min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10 min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

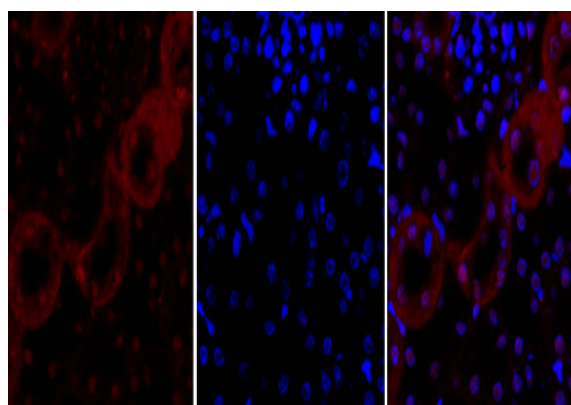


A

B

C

Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse-kidney tissue. 1, E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50 min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10 min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

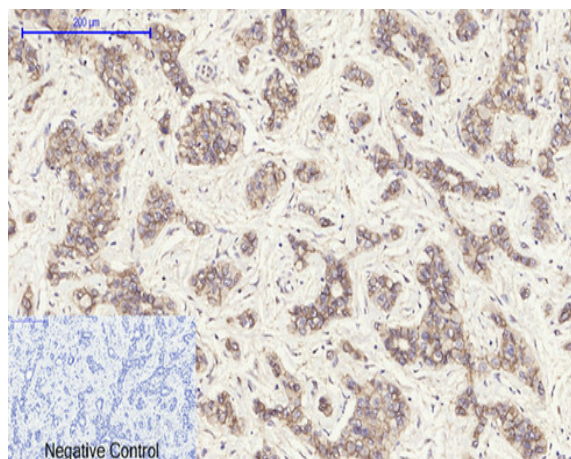


A

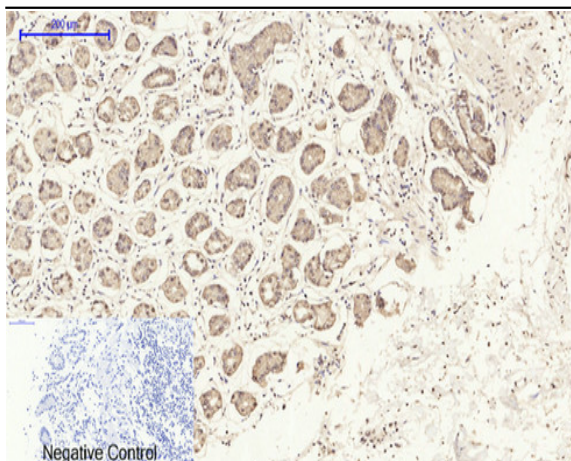
B

C

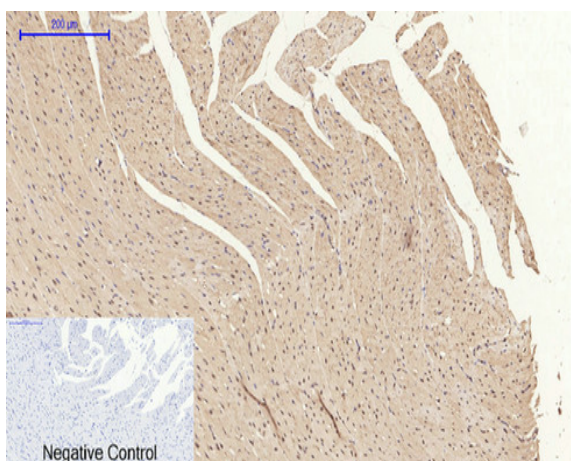
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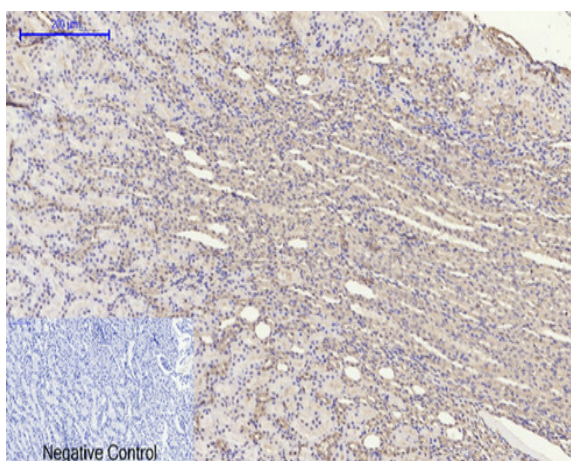
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-liver-cancer tissue. 1, E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20 min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30 min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



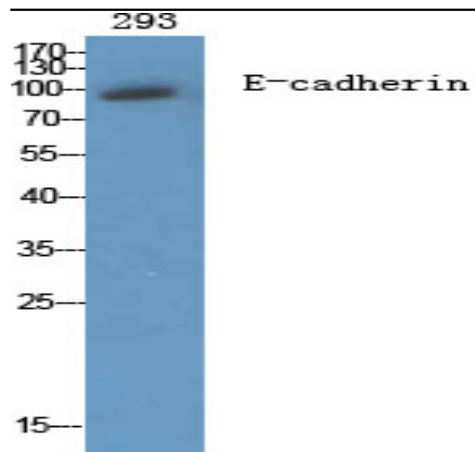
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-stomach tissue. 1, E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4 °C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98 °C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



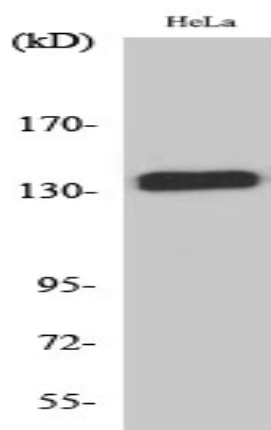
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-heart tissue. 1, E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4 °C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98 °C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



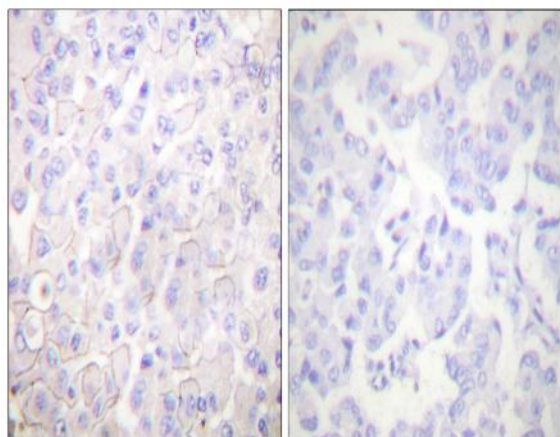
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-kidney tissue. 1, E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4 °C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98 °C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



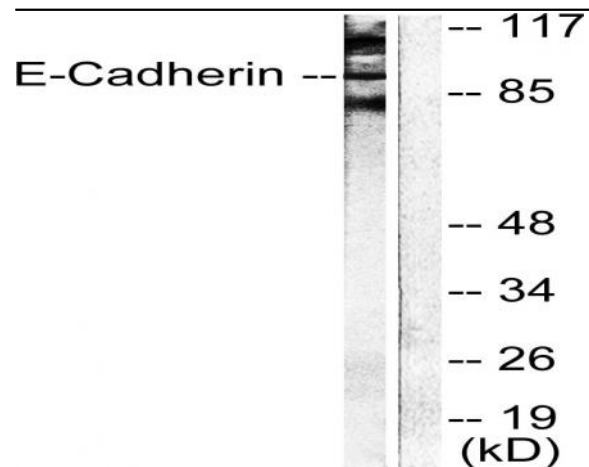
Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Western Blot analysis of HeLa cells using E-cadherin Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using Cadherin-pan Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells, using Cadherin-pan Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.