

2AAA Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YN0090

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: 2AAA

Fields: >>mRNA surveillance pathway;>>Sphingolipid signaling pathway;>>Oocyte

meiosis;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>AMPK signaling pathway;>>Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes;>>TGF-beta signaling pathway;>>Hippo signaling

pathway;>>Tight junction;>>Dopaminergic synapse;>>Long-term

depression;>>Chagas disease;>>Hepatitis C;>>Human papillomavirus infection

Gene Name: PPP2R1A

Protein Name: Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2A 65 kDa regulatory subunit A alpha

isoform (Medium tumor antigen-associated 61 kDa protein) (PP2A subunit A

isoform PR65-alpha) (PP2A subunit A isoform R1-alpha)

Human Gene Id: 5518

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot Q76MZ3

No:

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 500-580

Specificity: 2AAA Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

P30153

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 64kD

Cell Pathway: Oocyte meiosis;WNT;WNT-T CELLTGF-beta;Tight junction;Long-term

depression;

Background: This gene encodes a constant regulatory subunit of protein phosphatase 2.

Protein phosphatase 2 is one of the four major Ser/Thr phosphatases, and it is implicated in the negative control of cell growth and division. It consists of a common heteromeric core enzyme, which is composed of a catalytic subunit and a constant regulatory subunit, that associates with a variety of regulatory subunits. The constant regulatory subunit A serves as a scaffolding molecule to coordinate the assembly of the catalytic subunit and a variable regulatory B subunit. This gene encodes an alpha isoform of the constant regulatory subunit A. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2010],

Function: domain: Each HEAT repeat appears to consist of two alpha helices joined by a

hydrophilic region, the intrarepeat loop. The repeat units may be arranged laterally to form a rod-like structure.,function:The PR65 subunit of protein phosphatase 2A serves as a scaffolding molecule to coordinate the assembly of the catalytic subunit and a variable regulatory B subunit.,similarity:Belongs to the phosphatase 2A regulatory subunit A family.,similarity:Contains 15 HEAT

repeats., subunit: PP2A consists of a common heterodimeric core enzyme, composed of a 36 kDa catalytic subunit (subunit C) and a 65 kDa constant regulatory subunit (PR65 or subunit A), that associates with a variety of regulatory subunits. Proteins that associate with the core dimer include three families of regulatory subunits B (the R2/B/PR55/B55, R3/B"/PR72/PR130/PR59 and

R5/B'/B56 families), the 48 kDa variable regulatory subunit,

Subcellular Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Chromosome, centromere . Lateral cell membrane . Cell projection, dendrite . Centromeric localization requires the presence of BUB1. .

Deathor.

Expression: Brain, Cajal-Retzius cell, Colon, Placenta, Testis,

Products Images

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