

## IFN- $\gamma$ Polyclonal Antibody

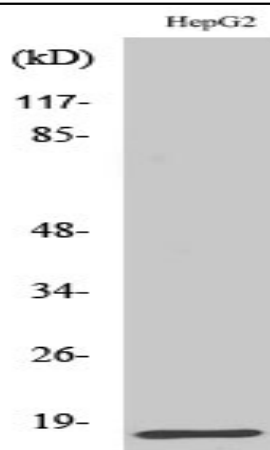
<b>Catalog No :</b>	YT2279
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human;Rat;Mouse;
<b>Applications :</b>	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
<b>Target :</b>	IFN- $\gamma$
<b>Fields :</b>	>>Proteasome;>>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>HIF-1 signaling pathway;>>Necroptosis;>>TGF-beta signaling pathway;>>Osteoclast differentiation;>>Antigen processing and presentation;>>JAK-STAT signaling pathway;>>Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity;>>IL-17 signaling pathway;>>Th1 and Th2 cell differentiation;>>Th17 cell differentiation;>>T cell receptor signaling pathway;>>Type I diabetes mellitus;>>Leishmaniasis;>>Chagas disease;>>African trypanosomiasis;>>Malaria;>>Toxoplasmosis;>>Amoebiasis;>>Tuberculosis;>>Hepatitis C;>>Influenza A;>>Herpes simplex virus 1 infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>PD-L1 expression and PD-1 checkpoint pathway in cancer;>>Inflammatory bowel disease;>>Systemic lupus erythematosus;>>Rheumatoid arthritis;>>Allograft rejection;>>Graft-versus-host disease;>>Fluid shear stress and atherosclerosis
<b>Gene Name :</b>	IFNG
<b>Protein Name :</b>	Interferon gamma
<b>Human Gene Id :</b>	3458
<b>Human Swiss Prot No :</b>	P01579
<b>Mouse Swiss Prot No :</b>	P01580
<b>Immunogen :</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human IFN-gamma. AA range:20-69
<b>Specificity :</b>	IFN- $\gamma$ Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IFN- $\gamma$ protein.
<b>Formulation :</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source :</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG

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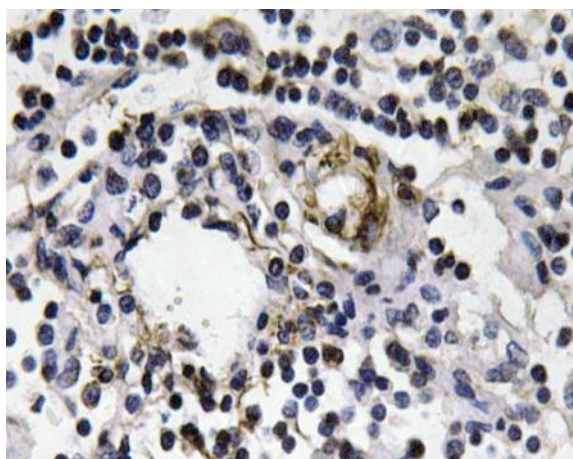
<b>Dilution :</b>	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:40000.. IF 1:50-200
<b>Purification :</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Concentration :</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Storage Stability :</b>	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
<b>Observed Band :</b>	17kD
<b>Cell Pathway :</b>	Proteasome;Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;Regulation of autophagy;TGF-beta;Jak_STAT;Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity;T_Cell_Receptor;Type I diabetes mellitus;Systemic lupus erythemato
<b>Background :</b>	This gene encodes a soluble cytokine that is a member of the type II interferon class. The encoded protein is secreted by cells of both the innate and adaptive immune systems. The active protein is a homodimer that binds to the interferon gamma receptor which triggers a cellular response to viral and microbial infections. Mutations in this gene are associated with an increased susceptibility to viral, bacterial and parasitic infections and to several autoimmune diseases. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2015],
<b>Function :</b>	disease:In Caucasians, genetic variation in IFNG is associated with the risk of aplastic anemia (AA) [MIM:609135]. AA is a rare disease in which the reduction of the circulating blood cells results from damage to the stem cell pool in bone marrow. In most patients, the stem cell lesion is caused by an autoimmune attack. T-lymphocytes, activated by an endogenous or exogenous, and most often unknown antigenic stimulus, secrete cytokines, including IFN-gamma, which would in turn be able to suppress hematopoiesis.,function:Produced by lymphocytes activated by specific antigens or mitogens. IFN-gamma, in addition to having antiviral activity, has important immunoregulatory functions. It is a potent activator of macrophages, it has antiproliferative effects on transformed cells and it can potentiate the antiviral and antitumor effects of the type I interferons.,online information:Interferon ga
<b>Subcellular Location :</b>	Secreted.
<b>Expression :</b>	Released primarily from activated T lymphocytes.

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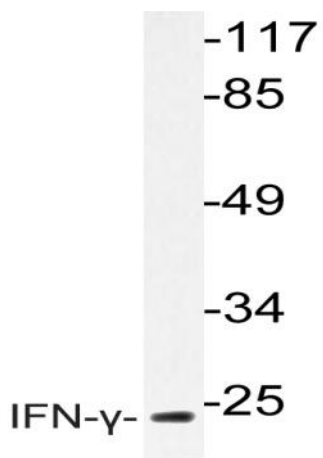
## Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using IFN- $\gamma$  Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of IFN- $\gamma$  antibody in paraffin-embedded human lymph node tissue.



Western blot analysis of lysate from HepG2 cells, using IFN- $\gamma$  antibody.