

COX IV Monoclonal Antibody(6C8)

Catalog No: YM3033

Reactivity: Human;Rat;Mouse

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;

Target: COX IV

Fields: >>Oxidative phosphorylation;>>Metabolic pathways;>>Cardiac muscle

contraction;>>Thermogenesis;>>Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Parkinson disease;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Huntington disease;>>Prion disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen species;>>Diabetic

cardiomyopathy

P13073

P19783

Gene Name: COX4I1

Protein Name: Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 4 isoform 1, mitochondrial

Human Gene Id: 1327

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 12857

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 29445

Rat Swiss Prot No: P10888

Immunogen: Recombinant Protein of Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 4 isoform 1,

mitochondrial

Specificity: The antibody detects endogenous COX IV protein.

Formulation : PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and

50% Glycerol.



Source : Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution : WB 1:1000-3000 IF 1:200 IHC 1:50-300

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-

chromatography using specific immunogen.

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 15kD

Cell Pathway: Oxidative phosphorylation; Cardiac muscle contraction; Alzheimer's

disease; Parkinson's disease; Huntington's disease;

Background: Cytochrome c oxidase (COX) is the terminal enzyme of the mitochondrial

respiratory chain. It is a multi-subunit enzyme complex that couples the transfer of electrons from cytochrome c to molecular oxygen and contributes to a proton electrochemical gradient across the inner mitochondrial membrane. The complex consists of 13 mitochondrial- and nuclear-encoded subunits. The mitochondrially-encoded subunits perform the electron transfer and proton pumping activities. The functions of the nuclear-encoded subunits are unknown but they may play a role in the regulation and assembly of the complex. This gene encodes the nuclear-encoded subunit IV isoform 1 of the human mitochondrial respiratory chain enzyme. It is located at the 3' of the NOC4 (neighbor of COX4) gene in a head-to-head orientation, and shares a promoter with it. Pseudogenes related

to this gene are located on chromosomes

Function: function: This protein is one of the nuclear-coded polypeptide chains of

cytochrome c oxidase, the terminal oxidase in mitochondrial electron transport.,similarity:Belongs to the cytochrome c oxidase IV family.,tissue

specificity: Ubiquitous.,

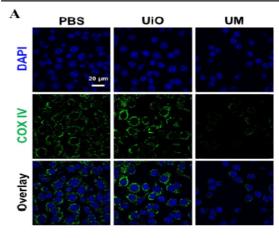
Subcellular Location:

Mitochondrion inner membrane; Single-pass membrane protein.

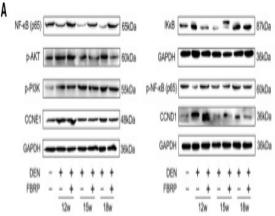
Expression : Ubiquitous.

Products Images

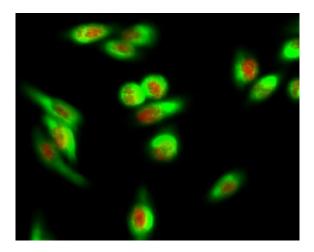
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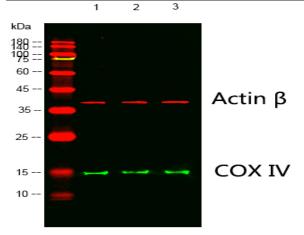
Immunogenic Radiation Therapy for Enhanced Antitumor Immunity via a Core-Shell Nanosensitizer-Mediated Immunosuppressive Tumor Microenvironment Modulation. ACS Nano Jin-Xiang Chen IF Mouse 4T1 cell-xenograft



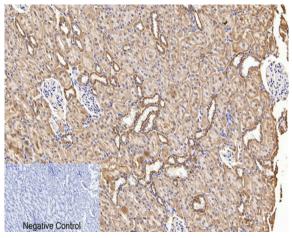
Zhang, Yanqiong, et al. "A discovery of clinically approved formula FBRP for repositioning to treat HCC by inhibiting PI3K/AKT/NF-kB activation." Molecular Therapy-Nucleic Acids19 (2020): 890-904.



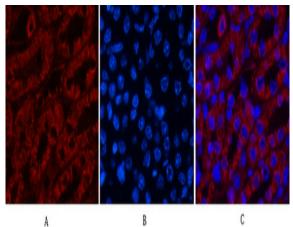
Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,AF-10 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). COX IV Monoclonal Antibody(6C8)(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 594 Catalog:RS3611 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). Goat Anti Mouse Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3208 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min).



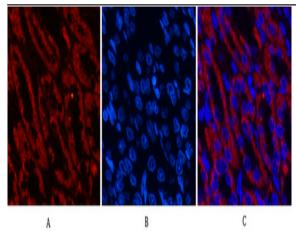
Western blot analysis of lysates from 1) COS7,2) 3T3,3) Hela cells, (Green) primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night, Dylight 800 secondary antibody(Immunoway:RS23910)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour. (Red) Actin β Polyclonal Antibody (Immunoway:YT0099) antibody was diluted at 1:5000 as loading control, 4° over night,Dylight 680 secondary antibody(Immunoway:RS23720)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour.



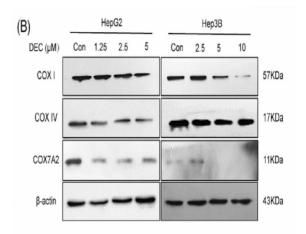
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-kidney tissue. 1,COX IV Monoclonal Antibody(6C8) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Mouse-kidney tissue. 1,COX IV Monoclonal Antibody(6C8)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of Rat-kidney tissue. 1,COX IV Monoclonal Antibody(6C8)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



The nature compound dehydrocrenatidine exerts potent antihepatocellular carcinoma by destroying mitochondrial complexes in vitro and in vivo 2022 Feb 02. WB Human