

## Rho G Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT4080

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Rho G

Fields: >>Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells;>>Salmonella infection;>>Yersinia

infection

Gene Name: RHOG

**Protein Name:** Rho-related GTP-binding protein RhoG

P84095

P84096

Human Gene Id: 391

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 56212

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

RHOG. AA range:97-146

**Specificity:** Rho G Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Rho G protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution :** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:40000.. IF 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3



Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 23kD

**Background:** This gene encodes a member of the Rho family of small GTPases, which cycle

between inactive GDP-bound and active GTP-bound states and function as molecular switches in signal transduction cascades. Rho proteins promote reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and regulate cell shape, attachment, and motility. The encoded protein facilitates translocation of a functional guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) complex from the cytoplasm to the plasma membrane where ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1 is activated to promote lamellipodium formation and cell migration. Two related pseudogene have been identified on chromosomes 20 and X. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011],

**Function:** function:Required for the formation of membrane ruffles during

macropinocytosis. Required for the formation of cup-like structures during transendothelial migration of leukocytes. In case of Salmonella enterica infection, activated by SopB and SGEF, which induces cytoskeleton rearrangements and promotes bacterial entry., similarity: Belongs to the small GTPase superfamily. Rho

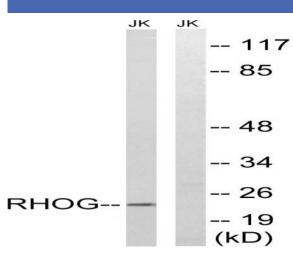
family., subunit: Interacts with SGEF.,

Subcellular Location:

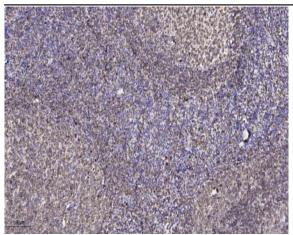
Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side.

**Expression:** Brain,PCR rescued clones,

## **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, using RHOG Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).