

VEGF-C Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5297

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: VEGF-C

Fields: >>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Ras signaling pathway;>>Rap1 signaling

pathway;>>Calcium signaling pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Focal adhesion;>>TNF signaling pathway;>>Relaxin signaling pathway;>>AGE-RAGE

signaling pathway in diabetic complications;>>Pathways in cancer

Gene Name: VEGFC

Protein Name: Vascular endothelial growth factor C

P49767

P97953

Human Gene Id: 7424

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 22341

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 114111

Rat Swiss Prot No: 035757

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the

Internal region of human VEGFC. AA range:91-140

Specificity: VEGF-C Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of VEGF-C protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

1/4



Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 42kD

Cell Pathway: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;mTOR;Focal adhesion;Pathways in

cancer;Renal cell carcinoma;Pancreatic cancer;Bladder cancer;

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the platelet-derived growth

factor/vascular endothelial growth factor (PDGF/VEGF) family. The encoded protein promotes angiogenesis and endothelial cell growth, and can also affect the permeability of blood vessels. The proprotein is further cleaved into a fully processed form that can bind and activate VEGFR-2 and VEGFR-3 receptors.

[provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014],

Function: function:Growth factor active in angiogenesis, and endothelial cell growth,

stimulating their proliferation and migration and also has effects on the permeability of blood vessels. May function in angiogenesis of the venous and lymphatic vascular systems during embryogenesis, and also in the maintenance of differentiated lymphatic endothelium in adults. Binds and activates VEGFR-2 (Flk1) and VEGFR-3 (Flt4) receptors.,PTM:Undergoes a complex proteolytic

maturation which generates a variety of processed secreted forms with increased activity toward VEGFR-3, but only the fully processed form could activate

VEGFR-2. VEGF-C first form an antiparallel homodimer linked by disulfide bonds. Before secretion, a cleavage occurs between Arg-227 and Ser-228 producing an heterotetramer. The next extracellular step of the processing removes the N-

terminal propeptide. Finally the mature VEGF-C is compos

Subcellular Location : Secreted.

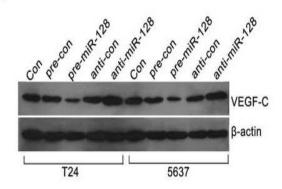
Expression: Spleen, lymph node, thymus, appendix, bone marrow, heart, placenta, ovary,

skeletal muscle, prostate, testis, colon and small intestine and fetal liver, lung and

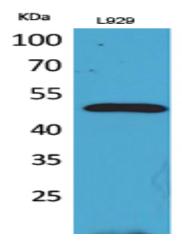
kidney, but not in peripheral blood lymphocyte.

Products Images

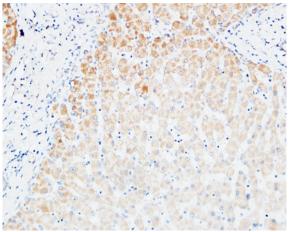




Zhou, X. U., et al. "miR-128 downregulation promotes growth and metastasis of bladder cancer cells and involves VEGF-C upregulation." Oncology letters 10.5 (2015): 3183-3190.

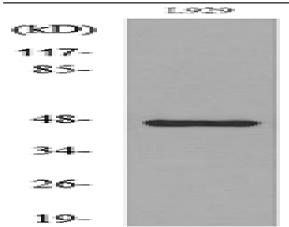


Western Blot analysis of L929 cells using VEGF-C Polyclonal Antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:2000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Liver. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Highpressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).





Western blot analysis of lysate from L929 cells, using VEGFC Antibody.