

PD-ECGF Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5414

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: PD-ECGF

Fields: >>Pyrimidine metabolism;>>Drug metabolism - other enzymes;>>Metabolic

pathways;>>Nucleotide metabolism;>>Bladder cancer

Gene Name: TYMP

Protein Name: Thymidine phosphorylase

P19971

Q99N42

Human Gene Id: 1890

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 72962

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 315219

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q5FVR2

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the N-

terminal region of human TYMP. AA range:11-60

Specificity: PD-ECGF Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PD-ECGF protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

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Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 50kD

Cell Pathway: Pyrimidine metabolism;Drug metabolism;Bladder cancer;

Background: This gene encodes an angiogenic factor which promotes angiogenesis in vivo

and stimulates the in vitro growth of a variety of endothelial cells. It has a highly restricted target cell specificity acting only on endothelial cells. Mutations in this

gene have been associated with mitochondrial neurogastrointestinal

encephalomyopathy. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been

identified. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2012],

Function: catalytic activity:Thymidine + phosphate = thymine + 2-deoxy-alpha-D-ribose

1-phosphate., disease: Defects in TYMP are the cause of mitochondrial

neurogastrointestinal encephalomyopathy (MNGIE) [MIM:603041]; also known as myoneurogastrointestinal encephalomyopathy. MNGIE is an autosomal recessive disease associated with multiple deletions of skeletal muscle mitochondrial DNA (MtDNA). It is clinically characterized by onset between the second and fifth decades of life, ptosis, progressive external ophthalmoplegia, gastrointestinal dysmotility (often pseudoobstruction), diffuse leukoencephalopathy, thin body habitus, peripheral neuropathy, and myopathy.,function:Catalyzes the reversible phosphorolysis of thymidine. The produced molecules are then utilized as carbon

and energy sources or in the rescue of pyrimidine bases for nucleotide

synthesis., function: May have a role in maintaining the in

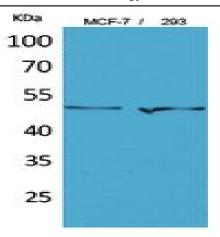
Subcellular Location:

cytosol,

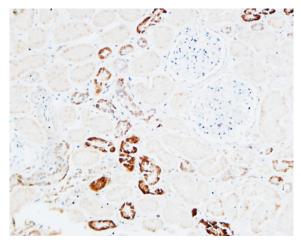
Expression:

Brain, Lung, Placenta, Synovial membrane tissue,

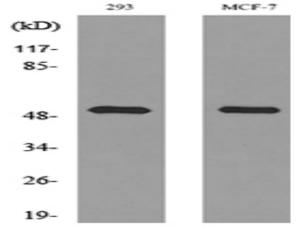
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of MCF-7, 293 cells using PD-ECGF Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human kidney. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Highpressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



Western blot analysis of lysate from 293, MCF-7 cells, using TYMP Antibody.