

K-Ras Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5739

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: K-Ras

Fields: >>EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance;>>Endocrine resistance;>>MAPK

signaling pathway;>>ErbB signaling pathway;>>Ras signaling pathway;>>Rap1

signaling pathway;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>FoxO signaling pathway;>>Sphingolipid signaling pathway;>>Phospholipase D signaling pathway;>>Mitophagy - animal;>>Autophagy - animal;>>mTOR signaling pathway;>>Pl3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Apoptosis;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway - multiple species;>>Cellular

senescence;>>Axon guidance;>>VEGF signaling pathway;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Gap junction;>>Signaling pathways regulating pluripotency of stem cells;>>C-type lectin receptor signaling pathway;>>Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity;>>T cell receptor signaling pathway;>>B cell receptor signaling pathway;>>Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway;>>Thermogenesis;>>Long-term

potentiation;>>Neurotrophin signaling pathway;>>Cholinergic

synapse:>>Serotonergic synapse:>>Long-term depression:>>Regulation of actin

Gene Name: KRAS

Protein Name: v-Ki-ras2 Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog

Human Gene Id: 3845

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen:

P01116

Mouse Gene Id:

16653

Mouse Swiss Prot

P32883

No:

Rat Swiss Prot No: P08644

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C-

terminal region of human KRAS. AA range:150-189



Specificity: K-Ras Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of v-Ki-ras2 Kirsten rat

sarcoma viral oncogene homolog

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: IHC: 100-300.WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 22kD

Cell Pathway: MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;ErbB_HER;Chemokine;Dorso-ventral

axis formation; Axon guidance; VEGF; Tight junction; Gap junction; Natural killer cell

mediated cytotoxicity; T Cell Receptor; B Cell Antigen; F

Background: This gene, a Kirsten ras oncogene homolog from the mammalian ras gene

family, encodes a protein that is a member of the small GTPase superfamily. A single amino acid substitution is responsible for an activating mutation. The transforming protein that results is implicated in various malignancies, including lung adenocarcinoma, mucinous adenoma, ductal carcinoma of the pancreas and colorectal carcinoma. Alternative splicing leads to variants encoding two isoforms

that differ in the C-terminal region. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: alternative products:Isoforms differ in the C-terminal region which is encoded by

two alternative exons (IVA and IVB), disease: Defects in KRAS are a cause of acute myelogenous leukemia (AML) [MIM:601626]. AML is a malignant disease

in which hematopoietic precursors are arrested in an early stage of

development., disease: Defects in KRAS are a cause of cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome (CFC syndrome) [MIM:115150]; also known as cardio-facio-cutaneous syndrome. CFC syndrome is characterized by a distinctive facial appearance, heart defects and mental retardation. Heart defects include pulmonic stenosis, atrial septal defects and hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. Some affected individuals present with ectodermal abnormalities such as sparse, friable hair, hyperkeratotic skin lesions and a generalized ichthyosis-like condition. Typical facial features are

similar to Noonan syndrome. They include high fo

Subcellular Location :

Cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor ; Cytoplasmic side . Endomembrane system .

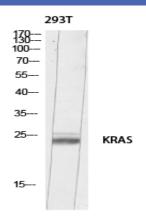
Cytoplasm, cytosol .; [Isoform 2B]: Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor.



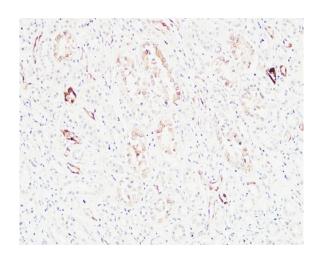
Expression:

Brain, Cervix carcinoma, Colon carcinoma, Gallbladder tumor, Lung, Lung carcinom

Products Images



Western blot analysis of 293T lysis using KRAS antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:500. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human kidney. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Highpressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).