

## **E2F-1 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT5811

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** IF;WB;IHC;ELISA

Target: E2F-1

**Fields:** >>Endocrine resistance;>>Cell cycle;>>Mitophagy - animal;>>Cellular

senescence;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Hepatitis C;>>Hepatitis B;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Human T-cell

leukemia virus 1 infection;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus

infection;>>Epstein-Barr virus infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>MicroRNAs in

cancer;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - receptor activation;>>Pancreatic

cancer;>>Glioma;>>Prostate cancer;>>Melanoma;>>Bladder cancer;>>Chronic

myeloid leukemia;>>Small cell lung cancer;>>Non-small cell lung

cancer;>>Breast cancer;>>Hepatocellular carcinoma;>>Gastric cancer

Gene Name: E2F1 RBBP3

**Protein Name:** E2F transcription factor 1

Q01094

Q61501

Human Gene Id: 1869

**Human Swiss Prot** 

Tulliali Swiss Pi

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 13555

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Rat Swiss Prot No: 009139

**Immunogen:** Synthetic peptide from human protein at AA range: 100-170

**Specificity:** The antibody detects endogenous E2F-1 protein

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG



**Didution::** IF 1:50-200 WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000 IHC 1:50-300

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 60kD

**Cell Pathway :** Cell\_Cycle\_G1S;Cell\_Cycle\_G2M\_DNA;Pathways in cancer;Pancreatic

cancer;Glioma;Prostate cancer;Melanoma;Bladder cancer;Chronic myeloid

leukemia;Small cell lung cancer;Non-small cell lung cancer;

**Background:** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the E2F family of transcription

factors. The E2F family plays a crucial role in the control of cell cycle and action of tumor suppressor proteins and is also a target of the transforming proteins of

small DNA tumor viruses. The E2F proteins contain several evolutionally conserved domains found in most members of the family. These domains include

a DNA binding domain, a dimerization domain which determines interaction with the differentiation regulated transcription factor proteins (DP), a transactivation

domain enriched in acidic amino acids, and a tumor suppressor protein association domain which is embedded within the transactivation domain. This

protein and another 2 members, E2F2 and E2F3, have an additional cyclin binding domain. This protein binds preferentially to retinoblastoma protein pRB in

a cell-cycle dependent manner. It can media

**Function:** function:Transcription activator that binds DNA cooperatively with dp proteins

through the E2 recognition site, 5'-TTTC[CG]CGC-3' found in the promoter region of a number of genes whose products are involved in cell cycle regulation or in DNA replication. The DRTF1/E2F complex functions in the control of cell-cycle progression from G1 to S phase. E2F-1 binds preferentially RB1 protein, in a cell-

cycle dependent manner. It can mediate both cell proliferation and

p53-dependent apoptosis.,PTM:Phosphorylated by CDK2 and cyclin A-CDK2 in the S-phase.,similarity:Belongs to the E2F/DP family.,subunit:Component of the DRTF1/E2F transcription factor complex. Forms heterodimers with DP family

members. The E2F-1 complex binds specifically hypophosphorylated

retinoblastoma protein RB1. During the cell cycle, RB1 becomes phosphorylated

in mid-to-late G1 phase, detaches from the DRTF1/E2F complex, ren

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus.

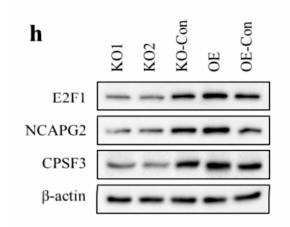
**Expression:** 

Brain, Epithelium, Pancreas, Skin,

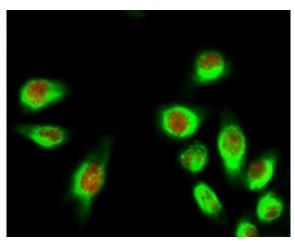
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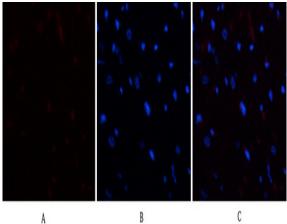
## Products Images



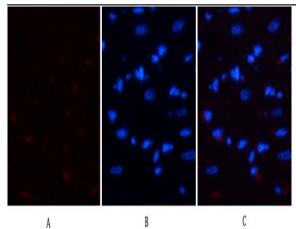
CPSF3 Promotes Pre-mRNA Splicing and Prevents CircRNA Cyclization in Hepatocellular Carcinoma. Cancers Qubo Zhu WB Human 1:1000 HepG2 cell, HuH7 cell



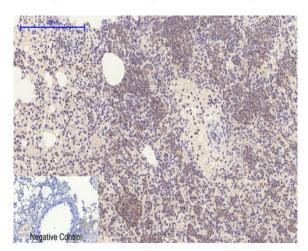
Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,E2F-1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). HER2 Monoclonal Antibody(11H9)(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 594 Catalog:RS3611 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). Goat Anti Mouse Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3208 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min).



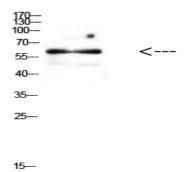
Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-heart tissue. 1,E2F-1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-heart tissue. 1,E2F-1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-lung tissue. 1,E2F-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Western Blot analysis of MOUSE-BRAIN cells using Antibody diluted at 500. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000