

Syntenin-2 rabbit pAb

Catalog No :	YT7859
Reactivity :	Human;Rat;Dog;Pig
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	Syntenin-2
Gene Name :	SDCBP MDA9 SYCL
Protein Name :	Syntenin-2
Human Gene Id :	6386
Human Swiss Prot	O00560
No : Mouse Gene Id :	53378
Mouse Swiss Prot	008992
No : Pat Gana Id :	838/1
Rat Guies Drot No.	
Rat Swiss Prot No :	
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human Syntenin-2 AA range: 71-120
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human,Rat,Dog,Pig Syntenin-2
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity- chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Best Tools for immunolog	gy Research
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Molecularweight :	33kD
Background :	syndecan binding protein(SDCBP) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene was initially identified as a molecule linking syndecan-mediated signaling to the cytoskeleton. The syntenin protein contains tandemly repeated PDZ domains that bind the cytoplasmic, C-terminal domains of a variety of transmembrane proteins. This protein may also affect cytoskeletal-membrane organization, cell adhesion, protein trafficking, and the activation of transcription factors. The protein is primarily localized to membrane-associated adherens junctions and focal adhesions but is also found at the endoplasmic reticulum and nucleus. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Function :	function:Seems to function as an adapter protein. In adherens junctions may function to couple syndecans to cytoskeletal proteins or signaling components. Seems to couple transcription factor SOX4 to the IL-5 receptor (IL5RA). May also play a role in vesicular trafficking. Seems to be required for the targeting of TGFA to the cell surface in the early secretory pathway.,induction:By gamma interferon in melanoma cells.,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues.,similarity:Contains 2 PDZ (DHR) domains.,subcellular location:Mainly membrane-associated. Localized to adherens junctions, focal adhesions and endoplasmic reticulum. Colocalized with actin stress fibers. Also found in the nucleus. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.,subunit:Monomer and homodimer (By similarity). Interacts with SDC1, SDC2, SDC3, SDC4, NRXN2, EPHA7, EPHB1, NF2 isoform 1, TG
Subcellular Location :	Cell junction, focal adhesion . Cell junction, adherens junction . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Nucleus . Melanosome . Cytoplasm, cytosol . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Secreted, extracellular exosome . Membrane raft . Mainly membrane-associated. Localized to adherens junctions, focal adhesions and endoplasmic reticulum. Colocalized with actin stress fibers. Also found in the nucleus. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV. Associated to the plasma membrane in the presence of FZD7 and phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) (PubMed:27386966)
Expression :	Expressed in lung cancers, including adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma and small-cell carcinoma (at protein level) (PubMed:25893292). Widely expressed. Expressed in fetal kidney, liver, lung and brain. In adult highest expression in heart and placenta.



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