

## Cleaved-SUMO-2/3 (G93) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YC0075

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB;ELISA;ColP

Target: SUMO-2/3

**Fields:** >>Nucleocytoplasmic transport;>>Fluid shear stress and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: SUMO2 SUMO3

**Protein Name:** Small ubiquitin-related modifier 2

Human Gene ld: 6613

**Human Swiss Prot** 

P61956/P55854

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 170930

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

P61957

No:

**Rat Gene Id:** 690244

Rat Swiss Prot No: P61959

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

SUMO2/3. AA range:44-93

**Specificity:** Cleaved-SUMO-2/3 (G93) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

fragment of activated SUMO-2/3 protein resulting from cleavage adjacent to G93.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:20000. IP 1:50-100 Not yet tested in other

applications.



**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 11kD

**Background:** This gene encodes a protein that is a member of the SUMO (small ubiquitin-like

modifier) protein family. It functions in a manner similar to ubiquitin in that it is bound to target proteins as part of a post-translational modification system. However, unlike ubiquitin which targets proteins for degradation, this protein is

involved in a variety of cellular processes, such as nuclear transport,

transcriptional regulation, apoptosis, and protein stability. It is not active until the last two amino acids of the carboxy-terminus have been cleaved off. Numerous pseudogenes have been reported for this gene. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008],

**Function:** function: Ubiquitin-like protein which can be covalently attached to target lysines

either as a monomer or as a lysine-linked polymer. Does not seem to be involved in protein degradation and may function as an antagonist of ubiquitin in the degradation process. Plays a role in a number of cellular processes such as nuclear transport, DNA replication and repair, mitosis and signal transduction. Covalent attachment to its substrates requires prior activation by the E1 complex SAE1-SAE2 and linkage to the E2 enzyme UBE2I, and can be promoted by an E3 ligase such as PIAS1-4, RANBP2 or CBX4.,online information:SUMO protein entry,PTM:Cleavage of precursor form by SENP1 or SENP2 is necessary for function.,PTM:Cleavage of precursor form by SENP1, SENP2 or SENP5 is necessary for function.,PTM:Polymeric chains can be formed through Lys-11

cross-linking., similarity: Belongs to the ubiquitin family. S

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body.

**Expression:** Broadly expressed.

## **Products Images**

