

PKA $\alpha/\beta/\gamma$ cat (phospho Thr197) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YP0226
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Target :	PKA
Fields :	>>Endocrine resistance;>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Ras signaling pathway;>>Calcium signaling pathway;>>cAMP signaling pathway;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>Oocyte meiosis;>>Autophagy - animal;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway - multiple species;>>Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes;>>Vascular smooth muscle contraction;>>Wnt signaling pathway;>>Hedgehog signaling pathway;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Tight junction;>>Gap junction;>>Platelet activation;>>Circadian entrainment;>>Thermogenesis;>>Long-term potentiation;>>Retrograde endocannabinoid signaling;>>Glutamatergic synapse;>>Cholinergic synapse;>>Serotonergic synapse;>>GABAergic synapse;>>Dopaminergic synapse;>>Olfactory transduction;>>Taste transduction;>>Inflammatory mediator regulation of TRP channels;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Insulin secretion;>>GnRH signaling pathway;>>Ovarian steroidogenesis;>>Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation;>>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Melanogenesis;>>Thyroid hormo
Gene Name :	PRKACA/PRKACB
Protein Name :	cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha/beta
Human Gene Id :	5566/5567
Human Swiss Prot No :	P17612/P22694/P22612
Mouse Gene Id :	18747/18749
Rat Gene Id :	293508
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P27791/P68182
Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PKA CAT around the phosphorylation site of Thr197. AA range:166-215

Specificity :	Phospho-PKA α / β / γ cat (T198) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKA α / β / γ cat protein only when phosphorylated at T198.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	40kD
Cell Pathway :	MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;Calcium;Chemokine;Oocyte meiosis;Apoptosis_Inhibition;Apoptosis_Mitochondrial;Apoptosis_Overview;Vascular smooth muscle contraction;WNT;WNT-T CELLHedgehog;Gap junction;L
Background :	This gene encodes one of the catalytic subunits of protein kinase A, which exists as a tetrameric holoenzyme with two regulatory subunits and two catalytic subunits, in its inactive form. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. cAMP-dependent phosphorylation of proteins by protein kinase A is important to many cellular processes, including differentiation, proliferation, and apoptosis. Constitutive activation of this gene caused either by somatic mutations, or genomic duplications of regions that include this gene, have been associated with hyperplasias and adenomas of the adrenal cortex and are linked to corticotropin-independent Cushing's syndrome. Altern
Function :	catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,enzyme regulation:Activated by cAMP.,function:Phosphorylates a large number of substrates in the cytoplasm and the nucleus.,PTM:Asn-3 is partially deaminated to Asp giving rise to 2 major isoelectric variants, called CB and CA respectively.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. cAMP subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 AGC-kinase C-terminal domain.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subcellular location:Translocates into the nucleus (monomeric catalytic subunit) (By similarity). The inactive holoenzyme is found in the cytoplasm.,subunit:A number of inactive tetrameric holoenzymes are produced by the combination of homo- or

heterodimers of the different regulatory subunits associated with two catalytic subunits. cAMP ca

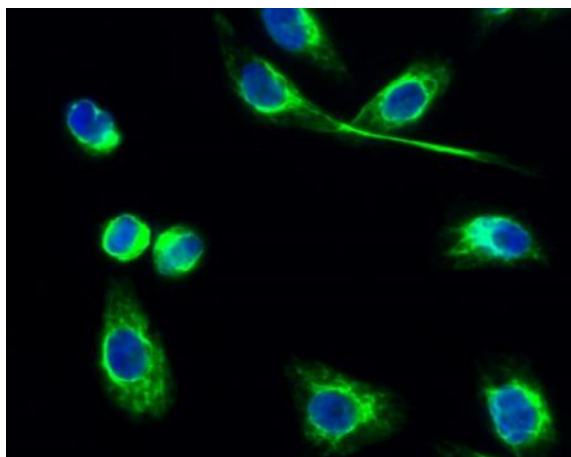
Subcellular Location :

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Nucleus . Mitochondrion . Membrane ; Lipid-anchor . Translocates into the nucleus (monomeric catalytic subunit). The inactive holoenzyme is found in the cytoplasm. Distributed throughout the cytoplasm in meiotically incompetent oocytes. Associated to mitochondrion as meiotic competence is acquired. Aggregates around the germinal vesicles (GV) at the immature GV stage oocytes (By similarity). Colocalizes with HSF1 in nuclear stress bodies (nSBs) upon heat shock (PubMed:21085490). .; [Isoform 2]: Cell projection, cilium, flagellum . Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, acrosome . Expressed in the midpiece region of the sperm flagellum (PubMed:10906071). Colocalizes with MROH2B and TCP11 on the acrosome and tail regions in round spermatids and spermatozoa regardle

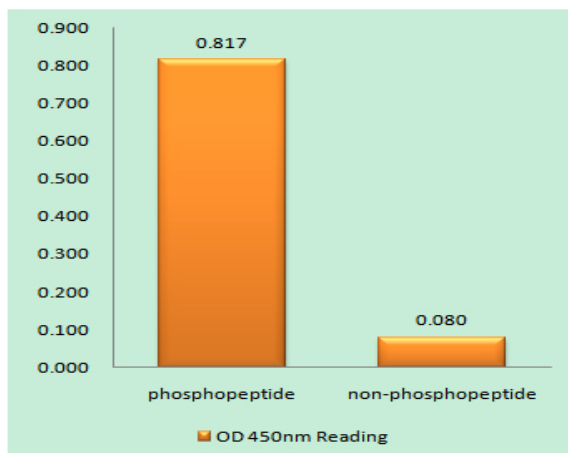
Expression :

Isoform 1 is ubiquitous. Isoform 2 is sperm-specific and is enriched in pachytene spermatocytes but is not detected in round spermatids.

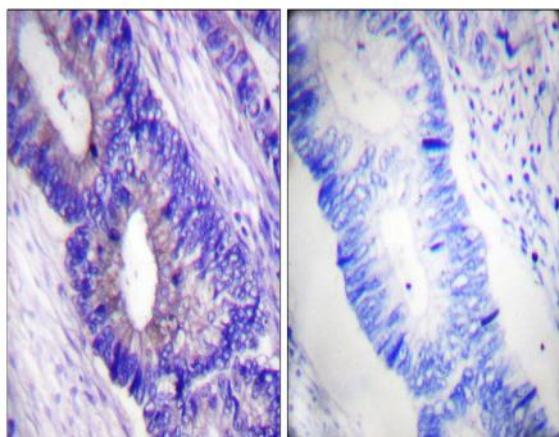
Products Images



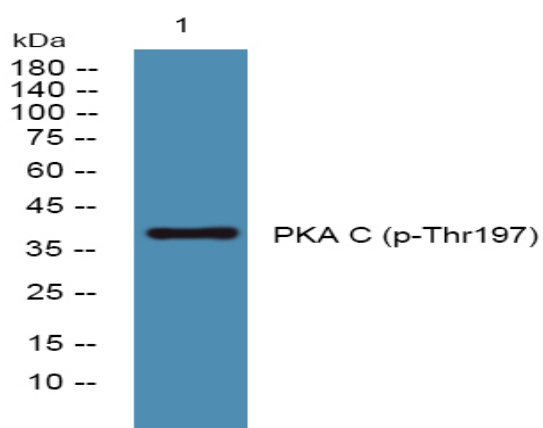
Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cell. 1, PKA α / β / γ cat (phospho Thr198) Polyclonal Antibody (green) was diluted at 1:200 (4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3211 was diluted at 1:1000 (room temperature, 50min). 3 DAPI (blue) 10min.



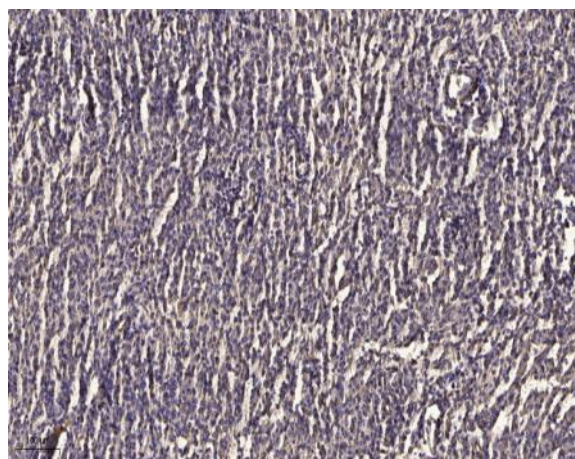
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using PKA CAT (Phospho-Thr197) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma, using PKA CAT (Phospho-Thr197) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human meningioma. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).