

Pin1 (phospho Ser16) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0702

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Pin1

Fields: >>Viral life cycle - HIV-1;>>RIG-I-like receptor signaling pathway

Gene Name: PIN1

Protein Name: Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase NIMA-interacting 1

Human Gene Id: 5300

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Q13526

Mouse Gene ld: 23988

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Q9QUR7

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Pin1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser16. AA range:1-50

Specificity: Phospho-Pin1 (S16) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Pin1

protein only when phosphorylated at S16.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3



Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 18kD

Cell Pathway: RIG-I-like receptor;

Background: Peptidyl-prolyl cis/trans isomerases (PPlases) catalyze the cis/trans

isomerization of peptidyl-prolyl peptide bonds. This gene encodes one of the PPlases, which specifically binds to phosphorylated ser/thr-pro motifs to catalytically regulate the post-phosphorylation conformation of its substrates. The conformational regulation catalyzed by this PPlase has a profound impact on key proteins involved in the regulation of cell growth, genotoxic and other stress responses, the immune response, induction and maintenance of pluripotency, germ cell development, neuronal differentiation, and survival. This enzyme also plays a key role in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease and many cancers. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this

gene.[provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011],

Function: catalytic activity:Peptidylproline (omega=180) = peptidylproline

(omega=0).,domain:The WW domain is required for the interaction with STIL and MPHOSPH1.,function:Essential PPIase that regulates mitosis presumably by interacting with NIMA and attenuating its mitosis-promoting activity. Displays a preference for an acidic residue N-terminal to the isomerized proline bond. Catalyzing pSer/Thr-Pro cis/trans isomerizations.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon

DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR., similarity: Contains 1 PpiC

domain., similarity: Contains 1 WW domain., subunit: Interacts with STIL (By

similarity). Interacts with MPHOSPH1.,

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus . Nucleus speckle . Cytoplasm . Colocalizes with NEK6 in the nucleus (PubMed:16476580). Mainly localized in the nucleus but phosphorylation at

Ser-71 by DAPK1 results in inhibition of its nuclear localization

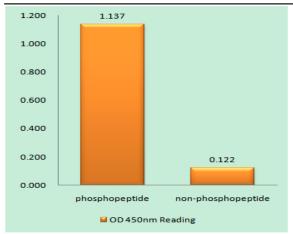
(PubMed:21497122)...

Expression: Expressed in immune cells in the lung (at protein level) (PubMed:29686383).

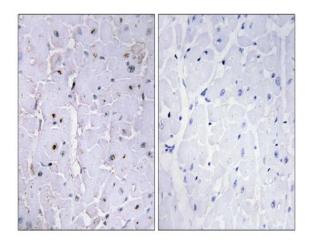
The phosphorylated form at Ser-71 is expressed in normal breast tissue cells but

not in breast cancer cells.

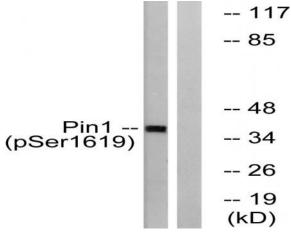
Products Images



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Pin1 (Phospho-Ser16) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human heart, using Pin1 (Phospho-Ser16) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells treated with insulin 0.01U/ml 15', using Pin1 (Phospho-Ser16) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.