

Nibrin (phospl	ho Ser278) Poly	yclonal Antibody
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Catalog No: YP0567

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: WB;IF;ELISA

Target: Nibrin

Fields: >>Homologous recombination;>>Cellular senescence

Gene Name: NBN

Protein Name: Nibrin

Human Gene ld: 4683

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Nibrin around the phosphorylation site of Ser278. AA range:251-300

Specificity: Phospho-Nibrin (S278) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Nibrin

protein only when phosphorylated at S278.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

O60934

Q9R207

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

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Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 95kD

Cell Pathway: Homologous recombination;

Background: Mutations in this gene are associated with Nijmegen breakage syndrome, an

autosomal recessive chromosomal instability syndrome characterized by microcephaly, growth retardation, immunodeficiency, and cancer predisposition. The encoded protein is a member of the MRE11/RAD50 double-strand break repair complex which consists of 5 proteins. This gene product is thought to be involved in DNA double-strand break repair and DNA damage-induced

checkpoint activation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: disease:Defects in NBN are a cause of genetic susceptibility to breast cancer

(BC) [MIM:114480]. BC is an extremely common malignancy, affecting one in eight women during their lifetime. A positive family history has been identified as major contributor to risk of development of the disease, and this link is striking for early-onset breast cancer., disease:Defects in NBN are the cause of Nijmegen breakage syndrome (NBS) [MIM:251260]. NBS is an autosomal recessive syndrome characterized by chromosomal instability, radiation sensitivity, microcephaly, growth retardation, immunodeficiency and predisposition to cancer, particularly to lymphoid malignancies., disease:Defects in NBN may be associated with aplastic anemia [MIM:609135]. Aplastic anemia is a disease of bone-marrow failure characterized by peripheral pancytopenia and marrow

hypoplasia. Most of the cases of aplastic anemia are idiopa

Subcellular

Nucleus . Nucleus, PML body . Chromosome, telomere . Chromosome .

Location :

Location :

Localizes to discrete nuclear foci after treatment with genotoxic agents

(PubMed:26438602, PubMed:10783165, PubMed:26215093). Acetylation of 'Lys-5' of histone H2AX (H2AXK5ac) promotes NBN/NBS1 assembly at the sites

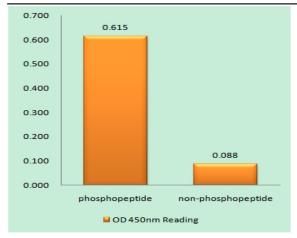
of DNA damage (PubMed:26438602)...

Expression: Ubiquitous (PubMed:9590180). Expressed at high levels in testis

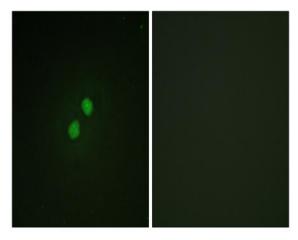
(PubMed:9590180).

Products Images

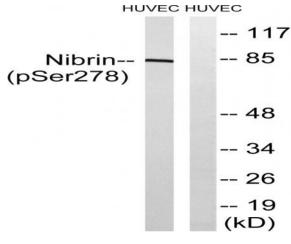
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Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Nibrin (Phospho-Ser278) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells, using Nibrin (Phospho-Ser278) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HUVEC cells treated with Forskolin 40nM 30', using Nibrin (Phospho-Ser278) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.