

Axl (phospho Tyr691) Polyclonal Antibody

YP0779 Catalog No:

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Axl

Fields: >>EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance

Gene Name: **AXL UFO**

Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor UFO **Protein Name:**

Human Gene Id: 558

Human Swiss Prot

No:

P30530

Q00993

Mouse Gene Id:

26362

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Immunogen:

AXL around the phosphorylation site of Tyr691. AA range:657-706

Specificity: Phospho-Axl (Y691) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Axl

protein only when phosphorylated at Y691.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG Source:

WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200 **Dilution:**

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-**Purification:**

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 130kD

Background:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Tyro3-Axl-Mer (TAM) receptor tyrosine kinase subfamily. The encoded protein possesses an extracellular domain which is composed of two immunoglobulin-like motifs at the N-terminal, followed by two fibronectin type-III motifs. It transduces signals from the extracellular matrix into the cytoplasm by binding to the vitamin K-dependent protein growth arrest-specific 6 (Gas6). This gene may be involved in several cellular functions including growth, migration, aggregation and anti-inflammation in multiple cell types. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants of this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013],

Function:

catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,disease:Has transforming potential in patients with chronic myeloproliferative disorder or chronic myelocytic leukemia.,function:May function as a signal transducer between specific cell types of mesodermal origin. In case of filovirus infection, seems to function as a cell entry factor.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. AXL/UFO subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 2 fibronectin type-III domains.,similarity:Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.,subunit:Heterodimer and heterotetramer with GAS6.,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in metastatic colon tumors. Expressed in primary colon tumors. Weakly expressed in normal colon tissue.,

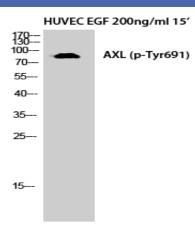
Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

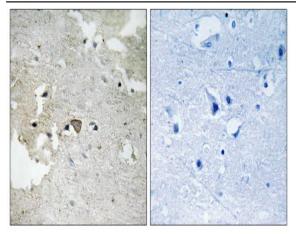
Expression:

Highly expressed in metastatic colon tumors. Expressed in primary colon tumors. Weakly expressed in normal colon tissue.

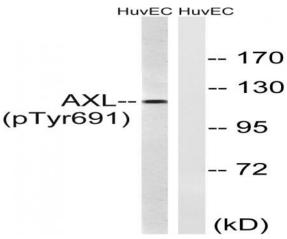
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of HuvEc cells using Phospho-Axl (Y691) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using AXL (Phospho-Tyr691) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HUVEC cells treated with EGF 200ng/ml 15', using AXL (Phospho-Tyr691) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.