

## eEF2 (Phospho Thr56) Antibody

Catalog No :	YP1215
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	eEF2
Fields :	>>AMPK signaling pathway;>>Oxytocin signaling pathway
Gene Name :	EEF2 EF2
Protein Name :	Elongation factor 2 (EF-2)
Human Gene Id :	1938
Human Swiss Prot	P13639
No:	
Mouse Gene Id :	13629
Mouse Swiss Prot	P58252
No : Rat Gene Id :	29565
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P05197
Immunogen :	Synthesized phospho derived from human eEF2 (Phospho-Thr56)
Specificity :	This detects endogenous levels of eEF2 (Phospho-Thr56)
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-



chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration :	1 mg/ml
concentration .	
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	100kD
Background :	This gene encodes a member of the GTP-binding translation elongation factor family. This protein is an essential factor for protein synthesis. It promotes the GTP-dependent translocation of the nascent protein chain from the A-site to the P-site of the ribosome. This protein is completely inactivated by EF-2 kinase phosporylation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Function :	function:This protein promotes the GTP-dependent translocation of the nascent protein chain from the A-site to the P-site of the ribosome.,PTM:Diphthamide is 2-[3-carboxyamido-3-(trimethyl-ammonio)propyl]histidine. Diphthamide can be ADP-ribosylated by diphtheria toxin and by Pseudomonas exotoxin A.,PTM:Phosphorylation by EF-2 kinase completely inactivates EF-2.,similarity:Belongs to the GTP-binding elongation factor family. EF-G/EF-2 subfamily.,subunit:Component of the mRNA surveillance SURF complex, at least composed of ERF1, ERF3 (ERF3A or ERF3B), EEF2, UPF1/RENT1, SMG1, SMG8 and SMG9.,
Subcellular Location :	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Phosphorylation by CSK promotes cleavage and SUMOylation-dependent nuclear translocation of the C-terminal cleavage product
Expression :	Brain, Cajal-Retzius cell, Epithelium, Hepatocyte, Ovary, Periph

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