

ATF-2 (Phospho Thr69/71) rabbit pAb

Catalog No :	YP1266
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB
Target :	ATF-2
Fields :	>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>cGMP-PKG signaling pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes;>>TNF signaling pathway;>>Thermogenesis;>>Dopaminergic synapse;>>Insulin secretion;>>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Thyroid hormone synthesis;>>Glucagon signaling pathway;>>Aldosterone synthesis and secretion;>>Relaxin signaling pathway;>>Cortisol synthesis and secretion;>>Parathyroid hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Growth hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Prion disease;>>Cocaine addiction;>>Amphetamine addiction;>>Alcoholism;>>Hepatitis B;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Human T-cell leukemia virus 1 infection;>>Viral carcinogenesis;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - receptor activation
Gene Name :	ATF2 CREB2 CREBP1
Protein Name :	ATF-2 (Thr69/71)
Human Gene Id :	1386
Human Swiss Prot No :	P15336
Mouse Gene Id :	100047997
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	P16951
Rat Gene Id :	81647
Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q00969
Immunogen :	Synthesized phospho peptide around human ATF-2 (Thr69 and 71)

Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human Mouse Rat ATF-2 (phospho-Thr69 or 71)
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:1000-2000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	56kD
Cell Pathway :	B Cell Receptor; Stem cell pathway; MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein; PI3K/Akt; Protein_Acetylation
Background :	<p>activating transcription factor 2(ATF2) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a transcription factor that is a member of the leucine zipper family of DNA binding proteins. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct functions This protein binds to the cAMP-responsive element (CRE), an octameric palindrome. It forms a homodimer or a heterodimer with c-Jun and stimulates CRE-dependent transcription. This protein is also a histone acetyltransferase (HAT) that specifically acetylates histones H2B and H4 in vitro; thus it may represent a class of sequence-specific factors that activate transcription by direct effects on chromatin components. The encoded protein may also be involved in cell's DNA damage response independent of its role in transcriptional regulation. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014</p>
Function :	<p>caution:It is uncertain whether Met-1 or Met-19 is the initiator.,function:Transcriptional activator, probably constitutive, which binds to the cAMP-responsive element (CRE) (consensus: 5'-GTGACGT[AC][AG]-3'), a sequence present in many viral and cellular promoters. Interaction with JUN redirects JUN to bind to CRES preferentially over the 12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol-13-acetate response elements (TRES) as part of an ATF2-c-Jun complex.,PTM:Phosphorylation of Thr-69 and Thr-71 by MAPK14 causes increased transcriptional activity. Also phosphorylated and activated by JNK.,similarity:Belongs to the bZIP family.,similarity:Belongs to the bZIP family. ATF subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 bZIP domain.,similarity:Contains 1 C2H2-type zinc finger.,subunit:Binds DNA as a dimer and can form a homodimer in the absence of DNA. Can form a heterodimer with JUN. Interacts with SMAD3</p>

and SMAD4. Binds throu

**Subcellular
Location :**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion outer membrane. Shuttles between the cytoplasm and the nucleus and heterodimerization with JUN is essential for the nuclear localization. Localization to the cytoplasm is observed under conditions of cellular stress and in disease states. Localizes at the mitochondrial outer membrane in response to genotoxic stress. Phosphorylation at Thr-52 is required for its nuclear localization and negatively regulates its mitochondrial localization. Co-localizes with the MRN complex in the IR-induced foci (IRIF).

Expression :

Ubiquitously expressed, with more abundant expression in the brain.

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