Best Tools for immunology Research

DYRK1A/B (Phospho Tyr321/273) rabbit pAb

Catalog No :	YP1664
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB
Target :	DYRK1A/B
Gene Name :	DYRK1A DYRK MNB MNBH
Protein Name :	DYRK1A/B (Phospho-Tyr321/273)
Human Gene Id :	1859
Human Swiss Prot No :	Q13627
Mouse Gene Id :	13548
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q61214
Rat Gene Id :	25255
Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q63470
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human DYRK1A/B (Phospho-Tyr321/273)
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of DYRK1A/B (Phospho-Tyr321/273) at Human, Mouse,Rat
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.

Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Molecularweight :	84kD
Background :	This gene encodes a member of the Dual-specificity tyrosine phosphorylation-regulated kinase (DYRK) family. This member contains a nuclear targeting signal sequence, a protein kinase domain, a leucine zipper motif, and a highly conservative 13-consecutive-histidine repeat. It catalyzes its autophosphorylation on serine/threonine and tyrosine residues. It may play a significant role in a signaling pathway regulating cell proliferation and may be involved in brain development. This gene is a homolog of Drosophila mnb (minibrain) gene and rat Dyrk gene. It is localized in the Down syndrome critical region of chromosome 21, and is considered to be a strong candidate gene for learning defects associated with Down syndrome. Alternative splicing of this gene generates several transcript variants differing from each other either in the 5' UTR or in the 3' co
Function :	alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist,catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,developmental stage:Expressed in the developing central nervous system.,disease:Overexpressed 1.5-fold in fetal Down syndrome brain.,enzyme regulation:Inhibited by RANBP9.,function:May play a role in a signaling pathway regulating nuclear functions of cell proliferation. Phosphorylates serine, threonine and tyrosine residues in its sequence and in exogenous substrates.,PTM:Autophosphorylated on tyrosine residues.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CMGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. MNB/DYRK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subunit:Interacts RAD54L2/ARIP4 (By similarity). Interacts with RANBP9.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous. Highest levels in skeletal muscle, testis, fetal lung and fetal kidney.,
Subcellular Location :	Nucleus . Nucleus speckle .
Expression :	Ubiquitous. Highest levels in skeletal muscle, testis, fetal lung and fetal kidney.

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