

p57 (Acetyl Lys278) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YK0044

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: p57

Fields: >>Cell cycle

Gene Name: CDKN1C

Protein Name: Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C

P49918

P49919

Human Gene Id: 1028

Human Swiss Prot

Idiliali Swiss Fiot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12577

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized Acetyl-peptide derived from

human p57Kip2 around the Acetylation site of Lys278. AA range:241-290

Specificity: Acetyl-p57 (K278) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of p57 protein

only when acetylated at K278.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3



Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 33kD

Cell Pathway: Cell_Cycle_G1S;Cell_Cycle_G2M_DNA;

Background: This gene is imprinted, with preferential expression of the maternal allele. The

encoded protein is a tight-binding, strong inhibitor of several G1 cyclin/Cdk complexes and a negative regulator of cell proliferation. Mutations in this gene are implicated in sporadic cancers and Beckwith-Wiedemann syndorome, suggesting that this gene is a tumor suppressor candidate. Three transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct

2010],

Function: disease:Defects in CDKN1C are a cause of Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome

(BWS) [MIM:130650]. BWS is a genetically heterogeneous disorder characterized by anterior abdominal wall defects including exomphalos

(omphalocele), pre- and postnatal overgrowth, and macroglossia. Additional less

frequent complications include specific developmental defects and a

predisposition to embryonal tumors., disease: Defects in CDKN1C are involved in tumor formation., function: Potent tight-binding inhibitor of several G1 cyclin/CDK complexes (cyclin E-CDK2, cyclin D2-CDK4, and cyclin A-CDK2) and, to lesser extent, of the mitotic cyclin B-CDC2. Negative regulator of cell proliferation. May

play a role in maintenance of the non-proliferative state throughout

life.,similarity:Belongs to the CDI family.,tissue specificity:Expressed in the heart,

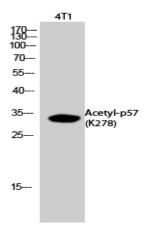
brain, lung, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas and testis. High levels ar

Subcellular Location : Nucleus.

Expression:

Expressed in the heart, brain, lung, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas and testis. Expressed in the eye. High levels are seen in the placenta while low levels are seen in the liver.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of 4T1 cells using Acetyl-p57 (K278)
Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000