

Catalog No: YA0436

Reactivity: Human

Applications: ELISA

Target: CD63

Gene Name: CD63 MLA1 TSPAN30

Protein Name: CD63 antigen (Granulophysin) (Lysosomal-associated membrane protein 3)

(LAMP-3) (Lysosome integral membrane protein 1) (Limp1) (Melanoma-associated antigen ME491) (OMA81H) (Ocular melanoma-associated

Human Gene Id: 967

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Purified recombinant Human CD63

P08962

Specificity: This recombinant monoclonal antibody can detects endogenous levels of CD63

protein.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution

Source: Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain,

recombinantly produced from 293F cell

Dilution: ELISA 1:5000-100000

Purification: Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified

Concentration: Please check the information on the tube

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

Cell Pathway : Lysosome;

1/3



Background:

The protein encoded by This gene is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known as the tetraspanin family. Most of these members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. The proteins mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. The encoded protein is a cell surface glycoprotein that is known to complex with integrins. It may function as a blood platelet activation marker. Deficiency of This protein is associated with Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome. Also This gene has been associated with tumor progression. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different protein isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2012]

Function:

This antigen is associated with early stages of melanoma tumor progression. May play a role in growth regulation., miscellaneous:Lack of expression of CD63 in platelets has been observed in a patient with Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome (HPS). Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome (HPS) is a genetically heterogeneous, rare, autosomal recessive disorder characterized by oculocutaneous albinism, bleeding due to platelet storage pool deficiency, and lysosomal storage defects. This syndrome results from defects of diverse cytoplasmic organelles including melanosomes, platelet dense granules and lysosomes. Ceroid storage in the lungs is associated with pulmonary fibrosis, a common cause of premature death in individuals with HPS., similarity:Belongs to the tetraspanin (TM4SF) family., subcellular location:Also found in Weibel-Palade bodies of endothelial cells. Located in platelet dense granules., tissue specifici

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Lysosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Late endosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endosome, multivesicular body. Melanosome. Secreted, extracellular exosome. Cell surface. Also found in Weibel-Palade bodies of endothelial cells (PubMed:10793155). Located in platelet dense granules (PubMed:7682577). Detected in a subset of pre-melanosomes. Detected on intralumenal vesicles (ILVs) within multivesicular bodies (PubMed:21962903).

Expression:

Detected in platelets (at protein level). Dysplastic nevi, radial growth phase primary melanomas, hematopoietic cells, tissue macrophages.

Products Images

