

Beclin-1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YM0060

Reactivity: Human

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;FCM;ELISA

Target: Beclin 1

Fields: >>Autophagy - other;>>Mitophagy - animal;>>Autophagy - animal;>>Apoptosis -

multiple species;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Alzheimer

disease;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Huntington disease;>>Spinocerebellar

ataxia;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple

diseases;>>Shigellosis;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection

Gene Name: BECN1

Protein Name: Beclin-1

Human Gene Id: 8678

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Purified recombinant fragment of human Beclin-1 expressed in E. Coli.

Specificity: Beclin-1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Beclin-1 protein.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Monoclonal, Mouse

Q14457

O88597

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:200 - 1:1000. Flow cytometry: 1:200 - 1:400. ELISA:

1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification : Affinity purification

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

1/4



Molecularweight: 52kD

Cell Pathway : Regulation of autophagy;

P References : 1. Autophagy. 2008 Oct 1;4(7):947-8.

2. J Clin Invest. 2008 Jun;118(6):2190-9.

Background: beclin 1(BECN1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a protein that regulates

autophagy, a catabolic process of degradation induced by starvation. The encoded protein is a component of the phosphatidylinositol-3-kinase (PI3K) complex which mediates vesicle-trafficking processes. This protein is thought to

play a role in multiple cellular processes, including tumorigenesis,

neurodegeneration and apoptosis. Alternative splicing results in multiple

transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015],

Function: function:Plays a central role in autophagy (By similarity). May play a role in

antiviral host defense. Protects against infection by a neurovirulent strain of

Sindbis virus., similarity: Belongs to the beclin family., subcellular

location: Expressed in dendrites and cell bodies of cerebellar Purkinje

cells.,subunit:Interacts with GOPC and GRID2. Interacts with AMBRA1. Probably forms a complex with AMBRA1 and PIK3C3 (By similarity). Interacts with BCL2

and BCL2L1.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous.,

Subcellular Cytoplasm . Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Endosome membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein .

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Mitochondrion

membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle,

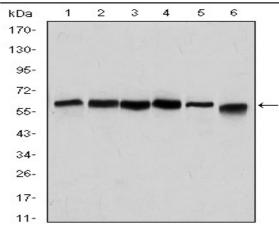
autophagosome . Interaction with ATG14 promotes translocation to

autophagosomes. Expressed in dendrites and cell bodies of cerebellar Purkinje cells (By similarity). .; [Beclin-1-C 35 kDa]: Mitochondrion . Nucleus . Cytoplasm .;

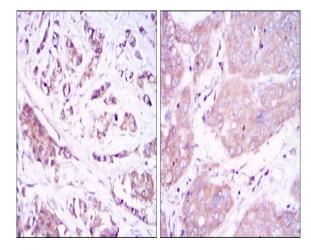
[Beclin-1-C 37 kDa]: Mitochondrion .

Expression: Ubiquitous.

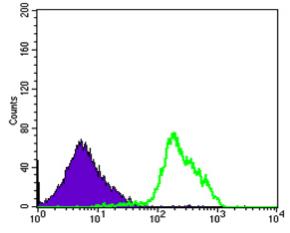
Products Images



Western Blot analysis using Beclin-1 Monoclonal Antibody against HeLa (1), A431 (2), MCF-7 (3), RAJI (4), Jurkat (5) and SKBR-3 (6) cell lysate.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded breast cancer tissues (left) and liver cancer tissues (right) with DAB staining using Beclin-1 Monoclonal Antibody.



Flow cytometric analysis of RAJI cells using Beclin-1 Monoclonal Antibody (green) and negative control (purple).

