

### IL-4 (PN0176) Nb-FC recombinant antibody

Catalog No: YA0621

Reactivity: Human

**Applications:** ELISA

Target: IL-4

Gene Name: IL4

**Protein Name :** Interleukin-4 (IL-4) (B-cell stimulatory factor 1) (BSF-1) (Binetrakin)

(Lymphocyte stimulatory factor 1) (Pitrakinra)

Human Gene ld: 3565

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

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Immunogen: Purified recombinant Human IL-4

P05112

**Specificity:** This recombinant monoclonal antibody can detects endogenous levels of IL-4

protein.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution

**Source:** Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain,

recombinantly produced from 293F cell

**Dilution:** ELISA 1:5000-100000

**Purification:** Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified

**Concentration :** Please check the information on the tube

**Storage Stability:** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)

**Cell Pathway:** Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction; Jak\_STAT; Hematopoietic cell

lineage;T Cell Receptor;Fc epsilon RI;Intestinal immune network for IgA

production; Asthma; Autoimmune thyroid disease; Allograft reject



#### **Background:**

The protein encoded by This gene is a pleiotropic cytokine produced by activated T cells. This cytokine is a ligand for interleukin 4 receptor. The interleukin 4 receptor also binds to IL13, which may contribute to many overlapping functions of This cytokine and IL13. STAT6, a signal transducer and activator of transcription, has been shown to play a central role in mediating the immune regulatory signal of This cytokine. This gene, IL3, IL5, IL13, and CSF2 form a cytokine gene cluster on chromosome 5q, with This gene particularly close to IL13. This gene, IL13 and IL5 are found to be regulated coordinately by several long-range regulatory elements in an over 120 kilobase range on the chromosome. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of This gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

#### **Function:**

disease:Genetic variations in IL4 may be a cause of susceptibility to ischemic stroke [MIM:601367]; also known as cerebrovascular accident or cerebral infarction. A stroke is an acute neurologic event leading to death of neural tissue of the brain and resulting in loss of motor, sensory and/or cognitive function. Ischemic strokes, resulting from vascular occlusion, is considered to be a highly complex disease consisting of a group of heterogeneous disorders with multiple genetic and environmental risk factors.,Participates in at least several B-cell activation processes as well as of other cell types. It is a costimulator of DNA-synthesis. It induces the expression of class II MHC molecules on resting B-cells. It enhances both secretion and cell surface expression of IgE and IgG1. It also regulates the expression of the low affinity Fc receptor for IgE (CD23) on both lymphocytes and mono

# Subcellular Location:

Secreted.

**Expression:** 

Blood,PCR rescued clones

## **Products Images**

