

Brk Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YM0081
Reactivity :	Human
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	Brk
Gene Name :	PTK6
Protein Name :	Protein-tyrosine kinase 6
Human Gene Id :	5753
Human Swiss Prot No :	Q13882
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q64434
Immunogen :	Purified recombinant fragment of human Brk expressed in E. Coli.
Specificity :	Brk Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Brk protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Monoclonal, Mouse
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Purification :	Affinity purification
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Molecularweight :	52kD
P References :	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Wilks, A.F. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86: 1603-1607.2. Otilie, S., et al. Oncogene 7: 1625-1630.3. Lee, S.T., et al. Oncogene 8: 3403-3410.

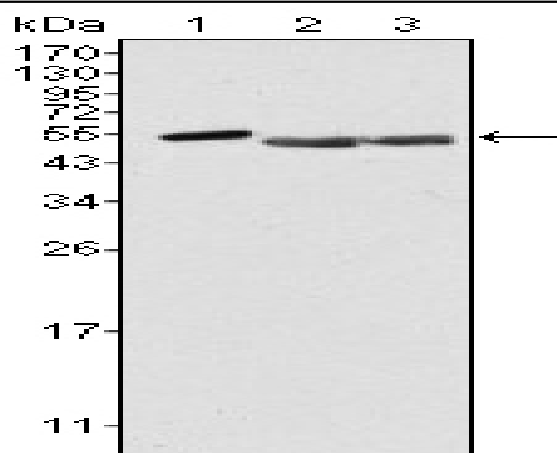
Background : protein tyrosine kinase 6(PTK6) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a cytoplasmic nonreceptor protein kinase which may function as an intracellular signal transducer in epithelial tissues. Overexpression of this gene in mammary epithelial cells leads to sensitization of the cells to epidermal growth factor and results in a partially transformed phenotype. Expression of this gene has been detected at low levels in some breast tumors but not in normal breast tissue. The encoded protein has been shown to undergo autophosphorylation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012],

Function : catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,enzyme regulation:Activated enzyme seems to have greater access to its substrates.,function:Phosphorylates KHDRBS1, KHDRBS2, KHDRBS3 and STAP2/BKS. May function as an intracellular signal transducer in epithelial tissues. Overexpression in mammary cells leads to mitogenically sensitization to EGF, and results in a partially transformed phenotype. Its presence in the nucleus appears to be linked to suppression of tumor progression.,PTM:Autophosphorylated. The phosphorylation of Tyr-447 may lead to the autoinhibition of the enzyme.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. BRK/PTK6/SIK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SH2 domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SH3 domain.,subcellular location:Colocalizes with KHDRBS1, KHDRBS2 o

Subcellular Location : Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell projection, ruffle. Membrane . Colocalizes with KHDRBS1, KHDRBS2 or KHDRBS3, within the nucleus. Nuclear localization in epithelial cells of normal prostate but cytoplasmic localization in cancer prostate.

Expression : Epithelia-specific. Very high level in colon and high levels in small intestine and prostate, and low levels in some fetal tissues. Not expressed in breast or ovarian tissue but expressed in high percentage of breast and ovarian cancers. Also overexpressed in some metastatic melanomas, lymphomas, colon cancers, squamous cell carcinomas and prostate cancers. Also found in melanocytes. Not expressed in heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Isoform 2 is present in prostate epithelial cell lines derived from normal prostate and prostate adenocarcinomas, as well as in a variety of cell lines.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis using Brk Monoclonal Antibody against HeLa (1), A549 (2) and MCF-7 (3) cell lysate.