

HPRT Monoclonal Antibody

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| Catalog No : | YM0335 |
| Reactivity : | Human |
| Applications : | WB;ELISA |
| Target : | HPRT |
| Fields : | >>Purine metabolism;>>Drug metabolism - other enzymes;>>Metabolic pathways;>>Nucleotide metabolism |
| Gene Name : | HPRT1 |
| Protein Name : | Hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase |
| Human Gene Id : | 3251 |
| Human Swiss Prot No : | P00492 |
| Mouse Swiss Prot No : | P00493 |
| Immunogen : | Purified recombinant fragment of HPRT expressed in E. Coli. |
| Specificity : | HPRT Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of HPRT protein. |
| Formulation : | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Source : | Monoclonal, Mouse |
| Dilution : | WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications. |
| Purification : | Affinity purification |
| Storage Stability : | -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) |
| Molecularweight : | 25kD |

Cell Pathway : Purine metabolism;Drug metabolism;

P References : 1. Manjanatha MG, et.al Mutat Res. 2004 Mar 22;547(1-2):5-18.

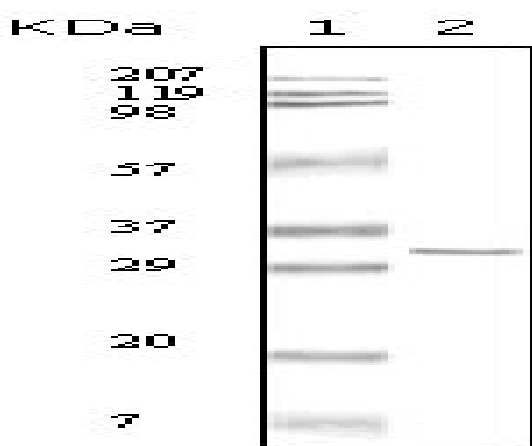
Background : hypoxanthine phosphoribosyltransferase 1 (HPRT1) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a transferase, which catalyzes conversion of hypoxanthine to inosine monophosphate and guanine to guanosine monophosphate via transfer of the 5-phosphoribosyl group from 5-phosphoribosyl 1-pyrophosphate. This enzyme plays a central role in the generation of purine nucleotides through the purine salvage pathway. Mutations in this gene result in Lesch-Nyhan syndrome or gout.[provided by RefSeq, Jun 2009],

Function : catalytic activity:GMP + diphosphate = guanine + 5-phospho-alpha-D-ribose 1-diphosphate.,catalytic activity:IMP + diphosphate = hypoxanthine + 5-phospho-alpha-D-ribose 1-diphosphate.,cofactor:Binds 2 magnesium ions per subunit. One of the ions does not make direct protein contacts.,disease:Defects in HPRT1 are the cause of gout [MIM:300323]; also known as HPRT-related gout or Kelley-Seegmiller syndrome. Gout is characterized by partial enzyme activity and hyperuricemia.,disease:Defects in HPRT1 are the cause of Lesch-Nyhan syndrome (LNS) [MIM:300322]. LNS is characterized by complete lack of enzymatic activity that results in hyperuricemia, choreoathetosis, mental retardation, and compulsive self-mutilation.,online information:Hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase entry,pathway:Purine metabolism; IMP biosynthesis via salvage pathway; IMP from hypoxanthine: step 1/1.,similarity:B

Subcellular Location : Cytoplasm.

Expression : Brain,

Products Images



Western Blot analysis using HPRT Monoclonal Antibody against truncated HPRT recombinant protein.