

Hck Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YM0326
Reactivity :	Human
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Target ·	Hek
Turget.	
Fields :	>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection
Gene Name :	НСК
Protein Name :	Tyrosine-protein kinase HCK
Human Gene Id :	3055
Human Swiss Prot	P08631
Mouse Swiss Prot	P08103
No:	Durified recombinent frequent of Llek expressed in E. Celi
Immunogen :	Punned recombinant fragment of Hck expressed in E. Coll.
Specificity :	Hck Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Hck protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Monoclonal, Mouse
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000 IF 1:50-200
Purification :	Affinity purification
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
molecularweight :	OUKD



Cell Pathway -	Chemokine:Ec gamma B-mediated phagocytosis:
Cell Fallway.	onemokine,i e gamma ri mediated phagocytosis,
P References :	1. J Clin Gastroenterol. 2007 Aug;41(7):667-70.
Background :	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Src family of tyrosine kinases. This protein is primarily hemopoietic, particularly in cells of the myeloid and B-lymphoid lineages. It may help couple the Fc receptor to the activation of the respiratory burst. In addition, it may play a role in neutrophil migration and in the degranulation of neutrophils. Multiple isoforms with different subcellular distributions are produced due to both alternative splicing and the use of alternative translation initiation codons, including a non-AUG (CUG) codon. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2010],
Function :	catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,domain:The SH3 domain mediates binding to HIV-1 Nef.,function:May serve as part of a signaling pathway coupling the Fc receptor to the activation of the respiratory burst. May also contribute to neutrophil migration and may regulate the degranulation process of neutrophils.,PTM:Isoform p59-HCK contains a N- myristoyl glycine at position 3 (By similarity). Isoform p59-HCK contains a S- palmitoyl cysteine at position 3.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. SRC subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SH2 domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SH3 domain.,subunit:May interact (via SH3 domain) with HIV-1 Nef and Vif. This interaction would stimulates its tyrosine-kinase activity. Interacts (via SH3 domain) with HEV ORF3 protein.,tissu
Subcellular Location :	[Isoform 1]: Lysosome. Membrane; Lipid-anchor. Cell projection, podosome membrane; Lipid-anchor. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Associated with specialized secretory lysosomes called azurophil granules. At least half of this isoform is found in the cytoplasm, some of this fraction is myristoylated.; [Isoform 2]: Cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor . Membrane, caveola ; Lipid-anchor . Cell junction, focal adhesion . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Golgi apparatus . Cytoplasmic vesicle . Lysosome . Nucleus . 20% of this isoform is associated with caveolae. Localization at the cell membrane and at caveolae requires palmitoylation at Cys-3. Colocalizes with the actin cytoskeleton at focal adhesions.; Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle. Cytoplasm, cytosol.
Expression :	Detected in monocytes and neutrophils (at protein level). Expressed predominantly in cells of the myeloid and B-lymphoid lineages. Highly expressed in granulocytes. Detected in tonsil.

Products Images





Western Blot analysis using Hck Monoclonal Antibody against truncated HCK recombinant protein (1) and full-length HCK-GFP transfected CHO-K1 cell lysate (2).



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon cancer (left) and ancreas cancer (right), showing cytoplasmic localization with DAB staining using Hck Monoclonal Antibody.