

MEK-6 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YM0438

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB;IF;FCM;ELISA

Target: MEK-6

Fields: >>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Cellular

senescence;>>Osteoclast differentiation;>>Toll-like receptor signaling

pathway;>>Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway;>>TNF signaling

pathway;>>Inflammatory mediator regulation of TRP channels;>>GnRH signaling pathway;>>Growth hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration -

multiple diseases;>>Salmonella infection;>>Yersinia

infection;>>Toxoplasmosis;>>Hepatitis B;>>Human cytomegalovirus

infection;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection;>>Epstein-Barr virus infection;>>Human immunodeficiency virus 1 infection;>>PD-L1 expression and PD-1 checkpoint pathway in cancer;>>Lipid and atherosclerosis;>>Fluid

shear stress and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: MAP2K6

Protein Name: Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 6

P52564

P70236

Human Gene Id: 5608

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 26399

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Purified recombinant fragment of human MEK-6 expressed in E. Coli.

Specificity: MEK-6 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of MEK-6 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

1/4



Source: Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. Flow cytometry: 1:200 - 1:400. ELISA:

1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification : Affinity purification

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 37kD

Cell Pathway: Regulates Angiogenesis; Stem cell pathway; Regulation of Actin Dynamics;

Toll Like; Cell Growth; MAPK ERK Growth; MAPK G Protein; B Cell Receptor

P References : 1. J Mol Med. 2008 Apr;86(4):485-90.

2. Blood. 2007 Jan 1;109(1):185-93.

Background : This gene encodes a member of the dual specificity protein kinase family, which

functions as a mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase kinase. MAP kinases, also known as extracellular signal-regulated kinases (ERKs), act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals. This protein phosphorylates and activates p38 MAP kinase in response to inflammatory cytokines or environmental stress. As an essential component of p38 MAP kinase mediated signal transduction pathway, this gene is involved in many cellular processes such as stress induced cell cycle arrest, transcription activation and apoptosis. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008].

Function : catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,enzyme

regulation: Probably activated by dual phosphorylation on Ser-207 and

Thr-211., function: Catalyzes the concomitant phosphorylation of a threonine and a tyrosine residue in MAP kinase p38 exclusively...induction: Strongly activated by

UV, anisomycin, and osmotic shock but not by phorbol esters, NGF or EGF.,PTM:Acetylation of Ser-207 and Thr-211 by Yersinia yopJ prevents

phosphorylation and activation, thus blocking the MAPK signaling

pathway.,PTM:Weakly autophosphorylated.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. STE Ser/Thr protein kinase family. MAP kinase kinase subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1

protein kinase domain., subunit: Interacts with Yersinia yopJ., tissue

specificity:Isoform 2 is only expressed in skeletal muscle. Isoform 1, on the other

hand, is foun

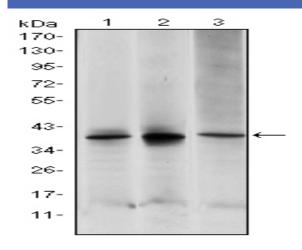
Subcellular Location:

Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Binds to microtubules.

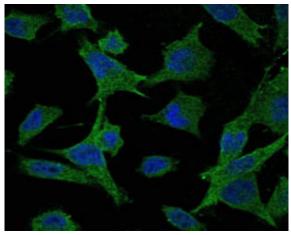
Expression: Isoform 2 is only expressed in skeletal muscle. Isoform 1 is expressed in skeletal

muscle, heart, and in lesser extent in liver or pancreas.

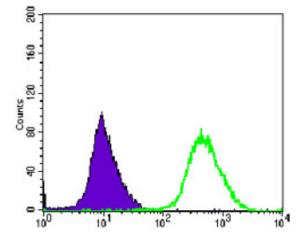
Products Images



Western Blot analysis using MEK-6 Monoclonal Antibody against HepG2 (1), MCF-7 (2) and NIH/3T3 (3) cell lysate.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cells using MEK-6 Monoclonal Antibody (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.



Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells using MEK-6 Monoclonal Antibody (green) and negative control (purple).

