

MYL3 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YM0459

Reactivity: Human

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: MYL3

Fields: >>Cardiac muscle contraction;>>Adrenergic signaling in

cardiomyocytes;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Hypertrophic

cardiomyopathy;>>Dilated cardiomyopathy

Gene Name: MYL3

Protein Name: Myosin light chain 3

P08590

P09542

Human Gene Id: 4634

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Purified recombinant fragment of MYL3 expressed in E. Coli.

Specificity: MYL3 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of MYL3 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification : Affinity purification

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 22kD

1/3

Cell Pathway: Cardiac muscle contraction; Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM); Dilated

cardiomyopathy;

P References: 1. Xie B, et al. Biophys Chem. 2003 Oct 1;106(1):57-66.

2. Haase H, et al. FASEB J. 2006 May;20(7):865-73.

Background: MYL3 encodes myosin light chain 3, an alkali light chain also referred to in the

literature as both the ventricular isoform and the slow skeletal muscle isoform. Mutations in MYL3 have been identified as a cause of mid-left ventricular chamber type hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: disease:Defects in MYL3 are the cause of cardiomyopathy familial hypertrophic

type 8 (CMH8) [MIM:608751]. Familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy is a hereditary heart disorder characterized by ventricular hypertrophy, which is usually asymmetric and often involves the interventricular septum. The symptoms include dyspnea, syncope, collapse, palpitations, and chest pain. They can be readily provoked by exercise. The disorder has inter- and intrafamilial variability ranging from benign to malignant forms with high risk of cardiac failure and sudden cardiac death. CMH8 inheritance can be autosomal dominant or recessive., disease: Defects in MYL3 are the cause of cardiomyopathy hypertrophic with mid-left ventricular chamber type 1 (MVC1) [MIM:608751].

MVC1 is a very rare variant of familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy,

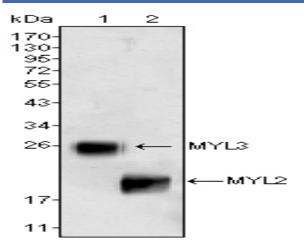
characterized by mid-left ventricular chamber thickening.,function:Regulatory

Subcellular Location:

cytosol, muscle myosin complex, myosin complex, sarcomere, A band, I band,

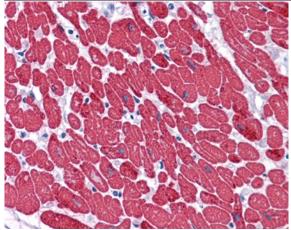
Expression : Heart, Skeletal muscle,

Products Images



Western Blot analysis using MYL3 Monoclonal Antibody against rat fetal heart tissues lysate.





Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human Heart tissues with AEC staining using MYL3 Monoclonal Antibody.