

### **MUC5A Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YN0880

Reactivity: Human

**Applications:** IHC;IF

Target: MUC5AC

**Fields:** >>IL-17 signaling pathway

P98088

Gene Name: MUC5AC MUC5

Protein Name: Mucin-5AC (MUC-5AC) (Gastric mucin) (Lewis B blood group antigen) (LeB)

(Major airway glycoprotein) (Mucin-5 subtype AC, tracheobronchial)

(Tracheobronchial mucin) (TBM) (Fragments)

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Immunogen:** Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 4400-4480

**Specificity:** MUC5A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** IHC 1:50-300. IF 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 553kD

**Background:** domain: The cysteine residues in the Cys-rich subdomain repeats are not

involved in disulfide bonding., function: Gel-forming glycoprotein of gastric and respiratoy tract epithelia that protects the mucosa from infection and chemical damage by binding to inhaled microrganisms and particules that are subsequently removed by the mucocilary system., PTM:C-, O- and N-glycosylated. Oglycosylated on the Thr-/Ser-rich tandem repeats. C-mannosylation in the Cysrich subdomains may be required for proper folding of these regions and for export from the endoplasmic reticulum during biosynthesis.,PTM:Proteolytic cleavage in the C-terminal is initiated early in the secretory pathway and does not involve a serine protease. The extent of cleavage is increased in the acidic parts of the secretory pathway. Cleavage generates a reactive group which could link the protein to a primary amide., similarity: Contains 1 CTCK (C-terminal cystine knot-like) domain., similarity: Contains 2 VWFC domains., similarity: Contains 4 VWFD domains., subunit: Multimeric. Interacts with H.pylori in the gastric epithelium, Barrett's esophagus as well as in gastric metaplasia of the duodenum (GMD).,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in surface mucosal cells of respiratory tract and stomach epithelia. Overexpressed in a number of carcinomas. Also expressed in Barrett's esophagus epithelium and in the proximal duodenum.,

#### **Function:**

domain:The cysteine residues in the Cys-rich subdomain repeats are not involved in disulfide bonding.,function:Gel-forming glycoprotein of gastric and respiratoy tract epithelia that protects the mucosa from infection and chemical damage by binding to inhaled microrganisms and particules that are subsequently removed by the mucocilary system.,PTM:C-, O- and N-glycosylated. O-glycosylated on the Thr-/Ser-rich tandem repeats. C-mannosylation in the Cysrich subdomains may be required for proper folding of these regions and for export from the endoplasmic reticulum during biosynthesis.,PTM:Proteolytic cleavage in the C-terminal is initiated early in the secretory pathway and does not involve a serine protease. The extent of cleavage is increased in the acidic parts of the secretory pathway. Cleavage generates a reactive group which could link the protein to a primary amide.,similarity:Conta

## Subcellular Location :

Cytoplasmic

#### **Expression:**

Highly expressed in surface mucosal cells of respiratory tract and stomach epithelia. Overexpressed in a number of carcinomas. Also expressed in Barrett's esophagus epithelium and in the proximal duodenum.

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