

Lamin B1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5180

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Lamin B1

Fields: >>Apoptosis

Gene Name: LMNB1

Protein Name: Lamin-B1

P20700

P14733

Human Gene Id: 4001

Human Swiss Prot

Idiliali Swiss Fiot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 16906

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 116685

Rat Swiss Prot No: P70615

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the

Internal region of human LMNB1. AA range:391-440

Specificity: Lamin B1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Lamin B1 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

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Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 70kD

Background: lamin B1(LMNB1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes one of the two B-type lamin

proteins and is a component of the nuclear lamina. A duplication of this gene is associated with autosomal dominant adult-onset leukodystrophy (ADLD). Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq,

Dec 2015],

Function: disease:Defects in LMNB1 are the cause of leukodystrophy demyelinating

autosomal dominant adult-onset (ADLD) [MIM:169500]. ADLD is a slowly progressive and fatal demyelinating leukodystrophy, presenting in the fourth or fifth decade of life. Clinically characterized by early autonomic abnormalities, pyramidal and cerebellar dysfunction, and symmetric demyelination of the CNS. It

differs from multiple sclerosis and other demyelinating disorders in that

neuropathology shows preservation of oligodendroglia in the presence of subtotal demyelination and lack of astrogliosis.,function:Lamins are components of the nuclear lamina, a fibrous layer on the nucleoplasmic side of the inner nuclear membrane, which is thought to provide a framework for the nuclear envelope and may also interact with chromatin.,miscellaneous:The structural integrity of the

lamina is strictly controlled by the cell cycle

Subcellular Nucleus lamina .
Location :

Expression : Brain, Cajal-Retzius cell, Epithelium, Eye, Fetal brain cortex, Ovarian

carcinoma, Placenta, Uterus,

Products Images

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