

AMPK α1 (PT0165R) PT® Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: YM8099

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat;

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;IP;ELISA

Target: AMPKα1

Fields: >>FoxO signaling pathway;>>Autophagy - animal;>>mTOR signaling

pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>AMPK signaling pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway - multiple species;>>Apelin

signaling pathway;>>Tight junction;>>Circadian

rhythm;>>Thermogenesis;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Adipocytokine signaling pathway;>>Oxytocin signaling pathway;>>Glucagon signaling pathway;>>Insulin

resistance;>>Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy;>>Fluid shear stress and

atherosclerosis

Gene Name: PRKAA1

Protein Name: 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha-1 (AMPK subunit

alpha-1) (EC 2.7.11.1) (Acetyl-CoA carboxylase kinase) (ACACA kinase) (EC

2.7.11.27) (Hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase kinase

Human Gene Id: 5562

Human Swiss Prot Q13131

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot Q5EG47

No:

Rat Swiss Prot No: P54645

Specificity: endogenous

Formulation: PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA

Source : Monoclonal, rabbit, IgG, Kappa

Dilution : IHC 1:100-200,WB 1:1000-5000,IF 1:200-1000,ELISA 1:5000-20000,IP

1/3



1:50-200

Purification: Protein A

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 64kD

Observed Band: 64kD

Cell Pathway: Regulation of autophagy;mTOR;Insulin_Receptor;Adipocytokine;Hypertrophic

cardiomyopathy (HCM);

Background: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the ser/thr protein kinase family. It

is the catalytic subunit of the 5'-prime-AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a cellular energy sensor conserved in all eukaryotic cells. The kinase activity of AMPK is activated by the stimuli that increase the cellular AMP/ATP ratio. AMPK regulates the activities of a number of key metabolic enzymes through phosphorylation. It protects cells from stresses that cause ATP depletion by switching off ATP-consuming biosynthetic pathways. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been observed.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a

phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,enzyme regulation:Binding of AMP results in allosteric activation, inducing phosphorylation on Thr-174 by STK11 in complex with STE20-related adapter-alpha (STRAD alpha) pseudo kinase and CAB39. Also activated by phosphorylation by CAMKK2 triggered by a rise in intracellular

calcium ions, without detectable changes in the AMP/ATP

ratio., function: Responsible for the regulation of fatty acid synthesis by

phosphorylation of acetyl-CoA carboxylase. It also regulates cholesterol synthesis

via phosphorylation and inactivation of hormone-sensitive lipase and

hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase. Appears to act as a metabolic stresssensing protein kinase switching off biosynthetic pathways when cellular ATP levels are depleted and when 5'-AMP rises in response to fuel limitation and/or

hypoxia. This is a catalytic s

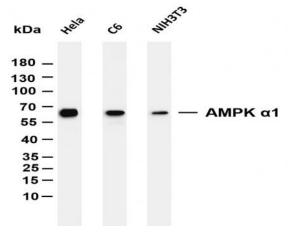
Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm

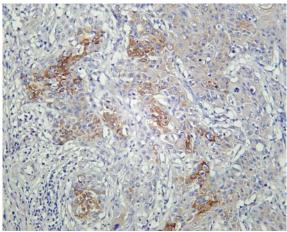
Expression:

Brain, Intestine, Liver, Mammary gland, Platelet, Testis

Products Images



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-AMPK $\alpha 1$ (PT0165R) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: Hela Lane 2: C6 Lane 3: NIH3T3 Predicted band size: 64kDa Observed band size: 64kDa



Human cervical carcinoma was stained with Anti-AMPK $\alpha 1$ (PT0165R) rabbit antibody