

## **β Tubulin Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YN5434

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB

Target: Tubulin β

**Fields:** >>Phagosome;>>Gap junction;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Parkinson

disease;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Huntington disease;>>Prion disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Pathogenic

Escherichia coli infection;>>Salmonella infection

Gene Name: TUBB3

Protein Name: Tubulin beta-3 chain

Human Gene Id: 10381

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 22152

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Rat Gene Id:** 246118

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q4QRB4

Immunogen: Recombinant Protein of Tubulin beta

Q13509

Q9ERD7

**Specificity:** The antibody detects endogenous  $\beta$  tubulin protein.

**Formulation :** PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and

50% Glycerol.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

1/3



**Dilution:** WB 1:2000-5000

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 55kD

**Background:** tubulin beta 3 class III(TUBB3) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a class III

member of the beta tubulin protein family. Beta tubulins are one of two core protein families (alpha and beta tubulins) that heterodimerize and assemble to form microtubules. This protein is primarily expressed in neurons and may be involved in neurogenesis and axon guidance and maintenance. Mutations in this gene are the cause of congenital fibrosis of the extraocular muscles type 3. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. A pseudogene of this gene

is found on chromosome 6. [provided by RefSeg, Oct 2010],

**Function:** domain: The highly acidic C-terminal region may bind cations such as

calcium.,function:Receptor for MSH (alpha, beta and gamma) and ACTH. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylate cyclase.,function:Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules. It binds two moles of GTP, one at an exchangeable site on the beta chain and one at a non-exchangeable site on the alpha-chain.,polymorphism:Genetic variations in MC1R are associated with variation in skin/hair/eye pigmentation type 2 (SHEP2)

[MIM:266300]. Hair, eye and skin pigmentation are among the most visible examples of human phenotypic variation, with a broad normal range that is subject to substantial geographic stratification. In the case of skin, individuals tend to have lighter pigmentation with increasing distance from the equator. By

contrast, the majority of variation in human eye and hair col

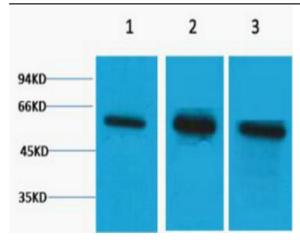
Subcellular Location :  $\label{eq:cytoplasm} \mbox{Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton} \ . \ \mbox{Cell projection, growth cone} \ . \ \mbox{Cell projection,}$ 

lamellipodium. Cell projection, filopodium.

**Expression:** Expression is primarily restricted to central and peripheral nervous system.

Greatly increased expression in most cancerous tissues.

## **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of 1) Hela, 2) Mouse Brain, 3) Rat Brain tissue, diluted at 1:5000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000