

Actin pan (ABT-ACTN) mouse mAb

Catalog No: YM6143

Reactivity: Human; Mouse (predicted: Rat; Bovin; Pig; Chick)

Applications: WB; IHC;ELISA

Target: Actin pan

Fields: >>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Phagosome;>>Apoptosis;>>Hippo signaling

pathway;>>Focal adhesion;>>Adherens junction;>>Tight junction;>>Platelet activation;>>Neutrophil extracellular trap formation;>>Leukocyte transendothelial migration;>>Thermogenesis;>>Regulation of actin cytoskeleton;>>Thyroid hormone signaling pathway;>>Oxytocin signaling pathway;>>Gastric acid secretion;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Bacterial invasion of epithelial

cells;>>Vibrio cholerae infection;>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli

infection;>>Shigellosis;>>Salmonella infection;>>Yersinia infection;>>Influenza A;>>Proteoglycans in cancer;>>Hepatocellular carcinoma;>>Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy;>>Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy;>>Dilated cardiomyopathy:>>Viral myocarditis;>>Fluid shear stress and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: Actin-pan

Protein Name: Actin pan

Human Swiss Prot Prot

No:

P60709/Q9BYX7/P63261

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human Actin pan AA range: 300-377

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of Actin pan. Heat-induced epitope

retrieval (HIER) Citrate buffer of pH6.0 was highly recommended as antigen

repair method in paraffin section

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Mouse, Monoclonal/IgG2a, Kappa

Dilution: IHC 1:200-400,WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:5000-20000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-



chromatography using specific immunogen.

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Cell Pathway: Vascular smooth muscle contraction;

Background: This gene encodes one of six different actin proteins. Actins are highly

conserved proteins that are involved in cell motility, structure, and integrity. This actin is a major constituent of the contractile apparatus and one of the two

nonmuscle cytoskeletal actins. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: disease:Defects in ACTB are a cause of dystonia juvenile-onset (DYTJ)

[MIM:607371]. DYTJ is a form of dystonia with juvenile onset. Dystonia is defined by the presence of sustained involuntary muscle contraction, often leading to abnormal postures. DYTJ patients manifest progressive, generalized, dopa-unresponsive dystonia, developmental malformations and sensory hearing loss.,function:Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various

types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic

cells.,miscellaneous:In vertebrates 3 main groups of actin isoforms, alpha, beta and gamma have been identified. The alpha actins are found in muscle tissues and are a major constituent of the contractile apparatus. The beta and gamma actins coexist in most cell types as components of the cytoskeleton and as

mediators of internal cell motility., similarity: Belongs to the

Subcellular Location:

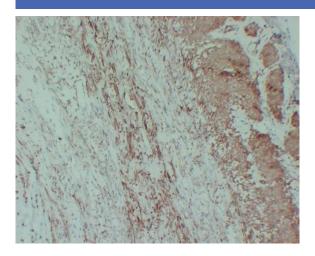
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Nucleus . Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules

containing untranslated mRNAs...

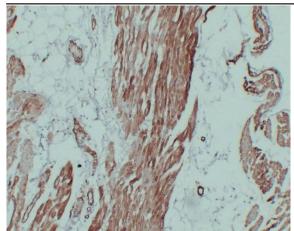
Expression : B-cell lymphoma, Brain, Cajal-Retzius cell, Eye, Fetal brain

cortex,Foreskin,Hepatocellular car

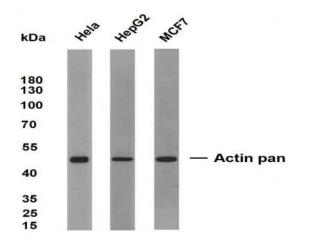
Products Images



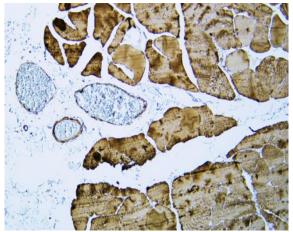
Human appendix tissue was stained with Anti-Actin pan (ABT-ACTN) Antibody



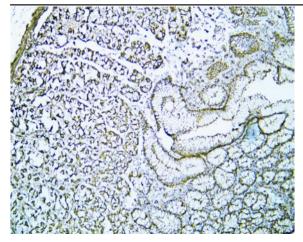
Human cardiac muscle tissue was stained with Anti-Actin pan (ABT-ACTN) Antibody



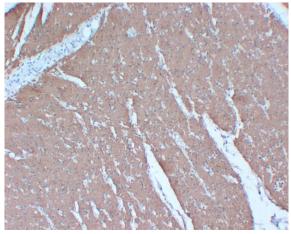
Various whole cell lysates were separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-Actin(ABT-ACTN) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Mouse IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: Hela Lane 2: HepG2 Lane 3: MCF7 Predicted band size: 42kDa Observed band size: 42kDa



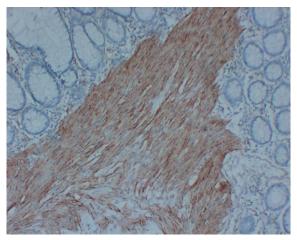
Human skeletal muscle tissue was stained with Anti-Actin pan (ABT-ACTN) Antibody



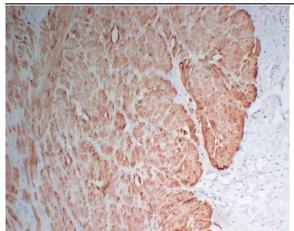
Human stomach tissue was stained with Anti-Actin pan (ABT-ACTN) Antibody



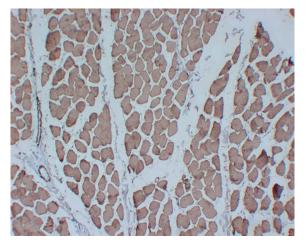
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Colon. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Citric acid ,pH6.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



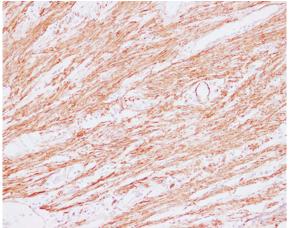
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Colon. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Citric acid ,pH6.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



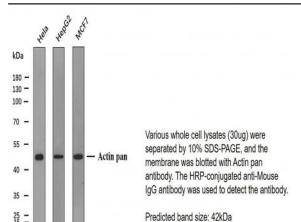
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Colon. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Citric acid ,pH6.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



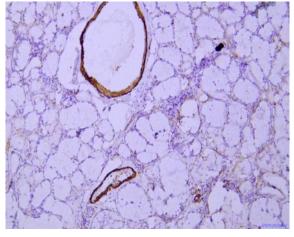
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Skeletal muscle. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Citric acid ,pH6.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



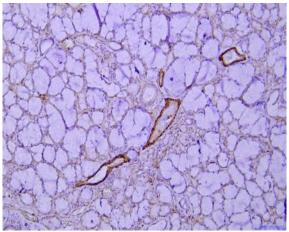
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Colon. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Citric acid ,pH6.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



Western blot analysis of Actin-panAntibody at 1:1000 dilution.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Salivary gland tonsils Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4 $^{\circ}$ overnight).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Salivary gland tonsils Antibody was diluted at $1:200(4^{\circ}$ overnight).