

AIP4 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT0152

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: AIP4

Fields: >>Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis;>>Endocytosis;>>TNF signaling

pathway;>>Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease

Gene Name: ITCH

Protein Name: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Itchy homolog

Q96J02

Q8C863

Human Gene Id: 83737

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 16396

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

ITCH. AA range:386-435

Specificity: AIP4 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of AIP4 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:40000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3



Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 103kD

Cell Pathway: Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis; Endocytosis;

Background: itchy E3 ubiquitin protein ligase(ITCH) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a

member of the Nedd4 family of HECT domain E3 ubiquitin ligases. HECT domain E3 ubiquitin ligases transfer ubiquitin from E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes to protein substrates, thus targeting specific proteins for lysosomal degradation. The encoded protein plays a role in multiple cellular processes including erythroid and lymphoid cell differentiation and the regulation of immune responses. Mutations in

this gene are a cause of syndromic multisystem autoimmune disease.

Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been

observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2012],

Function: function:E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase which accepts ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-

conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates. Regulates the transcriptional activity of several transcription factors, and probably plays an important role in the regulation of

immune response.,pathway:Protein modification; protein

ubiquitination.,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues.,similarity:Contains 1 C2

domain.,similarity:Contains 1 HECT (E6AP-type E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase) domain.,similarity:Contains 4 WW domains.,subunit:Interacts via its WW domains with DRPLA, NFE2 and CBLC. Interacts with Epstein-Barr virus LMP2A. Interacts

with NOTCH1, OCLN, JUN and JUNB. Interacts with NDFIP1 in vitro (By similarity). Interacts with ARHGEF7.,tissue specificity:Widely expressed.,

Subcellular Location :

Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasm.

Nucleus . Early endosome membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Endosome membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ;

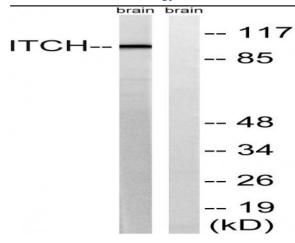
Cytoplasmic side. May be recruited to exosomes by NDFIP1

(PubMed:18819914). Localizes to plasma membrane upon CXCL12 stimulation where it co-localizes with CXCL4 (PubMed:14602072). Localization to early endosomes is increased upon CXCL12 stimulation where it co-localizes with

DTX3L and CXCL4 (PubMed:24790097)...

Expression: Widely expressed.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from mouse brain, using ITCH Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.